Faculty of Law (Undergraduate)
Programs, Courses and University Regulations
2020-2021
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This publication provides guidance to prospects, applicants, students, faculty and staff.

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7. The academic publication year begins at the start of the Fall semester and extends through to the end of the Winter semester of any given year. Students who begin study at any point within this period are governed by the regulations in the publication which came into effect at the start of the Fall semester.

8. Notwithstanding any other provision of the publication, it is expressly understood by all students that McGill University accepts no responsibility to provide any course of instruction, program or class, residential or other services including the normal range of academic, residential and/or other services in circumstances of utility interruptions, fire, flood, strikes, work stoppages, labour disputes, war, insurrection, the operation of law or acts of God or any other cause (whether similar or dissimilar to those enumerated) which reasonably prevent their provision.

Note: Throughout this publication, "you" refers to students newly admitted, readmitted or returning to McGill.
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1 Overview of Undergraduate Degrees Offered

Our undergraduate Law program integrates the Civil Law and the Juris Doctor. Consequently, students in the undergraduate program obtain a double degree of Civil Law (B.C.L.) and Juris Doctor (J.D.). Students may enrich their program with one of our minor, major, or honours programs, or take one of our joint degree programs in Management or Social Work. Students can also go on exchange through our Student Exchange Program, take non-course credits and outside credits, or put their learning in practice through our various internship programs.

1.1 McGill B.C.L./J.D. Program

The Faculty of Law's unique integrated program leads to graduation with both civil law and Juris Doctor degrees (B.C.L./J.D.).

McGill Law students are introduced to “transsystemic” teaching in the first year of the program; fundamental concepts of the civil law and Juris Doctor traditions are studied within a single course. This unique method of instruction fosters analytical ability, critical reflection, and openness to diverse approaches to legal problems. Students in the McGill program must complete 105 credits. Most students take three-and-a-half or four years to complete the program. It is possible, however, to complete the program in three years by taking additional credits over the summer and by carrying heavier course loads in second and third years.

Due to the demanding nature of the B.C.L./J.D. Program, the Faculty does not permit students to be registered in our B.C.L./J.D. Program and another university program concurrently. In addition, the Faculty does not permit students to register in our program on a part-time basis with a view to completing other programs of studies while taking courses in our Faculty. Furthermore, the Faculty does not permit students to take leave from our program in order to complete a graduate program.

1.2 M.B.A./Law Program

This joint program, Master of Business Administration (M.B.A.) with integrated Bachelor of Civil Law/Juris Doctor (B.C.L./J.D.) is offered by the Faculty of Law and the Desautels Faculty of Management.

Candidates interested in pursuing this program must submit separate applications to the Faculty of Law and to the Desautels Faculty of Management M.B.A. program. Information about the M.B.A./Law program is available at www.mcgill.ca/law-studies/undergrad-programs/joint/#MBA.

1.3 M.S.W./Law Program

This joint program, Master of Social Work (M.S.W.) with integrated Bachelor of Civil Law/Juris Doctor (B.C.L./J.D.) is offered by the Faculty of Law and the School of Social Work.

Candidates interested in pursuing this program must submit separate applications to the Faculty of Law and to the School of Social Work M.S.W. program. Information about the M.S.W./Law program is available at www.mcgill.ca/law-studies/undergrad-programs/joint/#MSW.

2 Undergraduate Admissions Policy and Application Procedures

In this section you will find information on our admissions policy, requirements, categories of applicants, deadlines, supporting documents for application, and the application procedures.

2.1 Admissions Policy

The Faculty’s admissions policy is to select applicants who are best suited to studying law in McGill's uniquely comparative, trans-systemic, and bilingual environment. Diversity and excellence are essential to our Faculty. Indeed, our Faculty’s excellence is based on its diversity.

The Admissions Committee looks for indicators of intellectual curiosity, community engagement, insight (cultural, economic, political, social, and otherwise), leadership, ability to work with others, openness to diversity, maturity, ethical sense, judgment, and potential for development through opportunity or adversity, among other criteria.

The Committee conducts its assessment through a holistic evaluation of each applicant's file, including the applicant's academic record, linguistic abilities, personal statement, extracurricular, community or professional activities, and references (see section 2.2.8: Application Supporting Documents).
In addition, applicants must demonstrate substantial reading ability in, and aural comprehension of, both English and French (see section 2.1.2: Language Requirements).

The Admissions Committee seeks to achieve a plural learning community drawn from across Quebec, Canada, and beyond, in which there is a wide range of career aspirations, backgrounds, and life experiences.

The Faculty of Law is committed to equity and diversity. We welcome applications from Indigenous people, people with disabilities, racialised people, gender non-conforming and trans people, LGBTQ+ people, women, people from an economically disadvantaged background, and others who may face systemic barriers that impact their access to education.

The B.C.L./J.D. is a limited enrolment program for which admission is competitive. Each year the Faculty admits approximately 180 new students. The number of applications is approximately 8 times greater than the number of available places. Unfortunately, every year we must refuse many qualified candidates due to lack of space in the program.

Files are reviewed by the Admissions Office and the Faculty’s Admissions Committee, which is composed of full-time faculty members appointed by the Dean, two senior law students selected by the Law Students’ Association Executive, and the Assistant Dean, Admissions and Recruitment. Files are read by 1-4 file reviewers before a final decision is rendered.

2.1.1 Educational Requirements

Candidates must have a minimum of two years (60 credits) of university studies, or a diploma of collegial studies (DCS) from a Quebec College of General and Professional Education (CEGEP), at the time of registration. Students with a French Baccalaureate from Quebec (Collège international Marie de France or Collège Stanislas) are also eligible to apply.

While candidates who have completed 60 credits of university study are eligible to apply to the Faculty of Law, due to the competition for admission, almost all students admitted in the “university” category have completed an undergraduate degree.

**Note:** Candidates admitted directly from CEGEP or a Quebec French Baccalaureate who are interested in practising in the United States should be aware that bar admission requirements in a number of states include studies at the university level before studying law.

**Note:** Applicants are not eligible to apply directly from a French Baccalaureate program completed outside of Quebec or from high school. Applicants must meet the eligibility requirement mentioned above.

2.1.2 Language Requirements

McGill’s integrated program is offered in a bilingual environment. Candidates must demonstrate substantial reading ability in, and aural comprehension of, both English and French. Reading of complex substantive texts in French and English are assigned in all first-year courses and in many upper-year courses, irrespective of the language of instruction of the course.

The Faculty’s policy of passive bilingualism permits students to submit written work, write exams, and ask questions in class in either English or French, regardless of the language of instruction. Students may fulfill their Moot Court requirements in English or French. First-year courses are offered in English and French, and a number of upper-year courses are offered in one language only. While examination questions are set in the language in which a course is given, any examination may contain extensive passages in either French or English.

In order to get a sense of the level of reading comprehension that is expected of McGill Law students, candidates are encouraged to visit the website of the Supreme Court of Canada and to read judgments in English and in French.

Candidates intending to proceed to the Bar of Quebec or the Board of Notaries of Quebec should carefully review University Regulations and Resources > Undergraduate > Admission to Professional and Graduate Studies > Language Requirements for Professions. The Charter of the French Language imposes certain mandatory language requirements on attorneys and notaries who practise in Quebec.

2.1.3 Indigenous Applicants

McGill Law is committed to recruiting and supporting Indigenous students and we welcome dialogue with prospective B.C.L./J.D. applicants. First Nations, Inuit and Métis persons are strongly encouraged to apply to the Faculty of Law, and are invited to self-identify on their application form.

We do not have a separate applicant category for Indigenous students or applicants from other under-represented groups in view of our overall holistic process. However, self-identification allows McGill to inform Indigenous students of specific services and funding opportunities and to assess our progress in the recruitment and retention of Indigenous students. Self-identification includes 'Status,' 'Treaty,' 'Registered,' 'Non-Status,' and 'Non-Registered' Indigenous persons.

**Linguistic Support**

We acknowledge that our bilingualism admission requirement may represent an added challenge for some Indigenous applicants for whom English or French may be their third language, and potentially perceived as a colonizing influence. Applicants are encouraged not to exclude themselves from applying on linguistic grounds, and are encouraged to speak with us regarding any concerns on this point. Financial support is available to admitted Indigenous candidates who wish to improve their abilities in English or French before starting the program. Financial support is also available to help deal with a relative weakness in English or French during legal studies here. This program is generously supported by the McCarthy Tétrault Fund for Language Training. Please contact us to find out how we can support you.

**Indigenous Research Opportunities**
McGill offers Indigenous students the opportunity to study and complete research with a wide range of legal scholars in English and French. The Faculty is host to a vibrant Indigenous Law Association and the *Aboriginal Human Rights Initiatives*. McGill also gives Indigenous students the possibility to acquire practical experience working at the Legal Clinic at Kahnowâke, to participate in the Faculty’s L.E.X. (Law-Éducation-Connexion) program with the Kahnowâke Survival School, as well as the chance to participate in the national Kawaskimhon Moot or to complete a Minor at McGill in Indigenous Studies. Students can apply to partake in a term away at the *Indigenous Peoples Law & Policy Program at the University of Arizona*, and the *Intensive Program in Aboriginal Lands, Resources and Governments at York University’s Osgoode Hall Law School*.

Indigenous students may be eligible for numerous sources of financial support.

**First Peoples’ House**

McGill’s *First Peoples’ House* provides a sense of community and a voice for Indigenous students who have left their communities to study at McGill. A “home away from home”, First Peoples’ House offers a mentorship program, computer facilities, guest lectures, elder visits, academic counselling, an ever expanding resource centre, as well as student housing.

**Pre-law program for Native People**

The Native Law Centre (*NLC*) at the University of Saskatchewan offers a Summer Program that is designed to prepare students for the challenges and rigours of law school and to facilitate a smoother transition into the law school environment. We encourage all incoming Indigenous students to consider taking this course before beginning their legal studies.

**Additional Supporting Documents**

In addition to self-identifying on the application form, Indigenous applicants to the Faculty of Law are encouraged to upload one additional supporting document. This document should be a separate letter, in addition to the personal statement, and is meant to allow applicants to elaborate on their Indigenous identity in relation to their admission candidacy to McGill Law. This document may address any systemic barriers you have faced as an Indigenous person, or how your identification with and connection to your Indigenous community has affected your educational path and goals. You may also include, as part of that document, a letter of support from a representative within your community. This additional document will allow the Admissions Committee to incorporate relevant context when it is applying our Faculty’s holistic admission evaluation process and to take into consideration the educational experiences particular to members of an Indigenous community.

**Indigenous Student Financial Assistance**

McGill has established a *funding program for Indigenous students*, made possible in part by Indspire, an Indigenous-led registered charity that invests in the education of Indigenous peoples of Canada.

### 2.1.4 Honesty and Integrity in the Application Process

McGill University and the Faculty of Law at McGill value honesty and integrity. Applicants to the Faculty of Law are expected to conduct themselves accordingly. The submission of false, incomplete, inconsistent, or misleading information, or any omission that may result in a false or misleading conclusion, constitutes misconduct in the admission process. Instances of such misconduct include, as examples: the submission of a personal statement that was not written by the applicant, and failure to disclose an LSAT score.

A finding of misconduct in the application process may lead—and has led in the past—to a refusal or, if an offer of admission has already been extended, a withdrawal of the offer at the sole discretion of the University. Intent is not an element of a finding of misconduct.

As a member school of the Law School Admissions Council (LSAC), McGill’s Faculty of Law reserves the right to report any misconduct to the LSAC’s *Misconduct and Irregularities in the Admissions Process Subcommittee* for its investigation.

### 2.2 Application Procedures for B.C.L./J.D. Degree Program

Law at McGill is a limited enrolment program. Apply as early as possible and ensure that we have received all required supporting documents on or before the appropriate deadline. Files are reviewed only when complete.

#### 2.2.1 Online application

Candidates must apply to the B.C.L./J.D. program online. The *online application* is available as of September 1. In order to avoid unnecessary processing delays, please read the application instructions carefully. Please email the Law Admissions Office at the Faculty of Law if you are unable to apply online (transfer applicants).

Once you have applied, an acknowledgment notice will be sent to the email address indicated on your application within 48 hours following the submission of your application form. If you have not received your acknowledgment notice within 48 hours following the submission of your application, you should contact the Admissions Office at the Faculty of Law (514-398-6602 or admissions.law@mcgill.ca).

All candidates who submit an online application are asked to complete an anonymous survey once the application has been submitted and the application fee paid. This anonymous survey requests demographic information and is an important tool in our larger effort to tackle barriers to legal education and to build a legal community that reflects the population. The survey results give us a better understanding of our pool of applicants and allow us to assess our recruitment and outreach efforts. The information is collected for statistical purposes only and is not linked to your admission file in any way. The Faculty of Law thanks you in advance for helping us in our efforts by completing the anonymous admissions survey.
Verifying the status of your application via Minerva

Your acknowledgment notice will provide you with your McGill Identification (ID), and a password that you will need to log in to the Minerva website. On this website, applicants can check the status of their application and, as supporting documents are received and recorded, be able to verify which documents (if any) are still missing. Please check the status of your application checklist regularly. New items may also be added to the checklist when necessary to complete the admissions file; it is important that applicants respond to such requests for documentation by uploading the appropriate document in a timely manner.

You are responsible for monitoring the status of your application on Minerva. When verifying the status of your application, an indication of "Items outstanding" means that your application is incomplete. If your application remains incomplete after the deadline for submission of supporting documents, your application will be cancelled. An indication of "Ready for review" means that your file is complete and/or under review by the Admissions Committee. Your status will indicate “Ready for review” until a final decision is rendered.

- Your file will not be cancelled if only your LSAT score is missing after the deadline. The status of your application will indicate “Items outstanding” until we get your score. If writing the LSAT, your file will be circulated for review by the Admissions Committee only when all pending LSAT results are received.

During peak periods (i.e., close to deadlines), the Admissions Office receives a high volume of documents and there may be a delay of up to 48 hours between the receipt of a document and the date on which it is recorded in our information system and verifiable by you on Minerva. Taking this delay into consideration, please contact the Law Admissions Office only if your file remains incomplete 48 hours past the deadline.

Review of Applications

Once an application is complete, it is circulated for review. Reviewers carefully assess all documents submitted and evaluate the candidacy according to the Faculty's Admissions Policy, and in comparison to all other candidates in the applicant pool.

Decisions on Applications

The official decision of the Admissions Committee of the Faculty of Law is released by electronic mail and confirmed via the candidate's Minerva account. Decisions on individual applications cannot and will not be disclosed over the phone.

Every effort is made to inform candidates of the decision of the Admissions Committee at the earliest possible date. However, the process is labour-intensive and may extend into June. Final decision about applicants who have been placed on the waitlist may be made until the end of August.

Application Fee

A non-refundable application fee is required for application to the B.C.L./J.D. program. For current fee information, please visit the Student Accounts website. A credit card (Visa, MasterCard, or American Express only) is required to complete the online application form. McGill's highly secured e-payment service minimizes cardholder risk. Your credit card information is passed instantly to the Moneris payment gateway and is not stored at McGill. Moneris handles 80% of all credit card transactions processed in Canada. If you cannot pay by credit card, please contact the Admissions Office at the Faculty of Law.

Categories of Applicants

Applications to First Year (September entrance only)

- section 2.2.6.1: University Applicants
- section 2.2.6.2: Mature Applicants
- section 2.2.6.3: CEGEP and Quebec French Baccalaureate (Collège international Marie de France and Collège Stanislas) Applicants

Applications to Upper Year (September entrance only)

- section 2.2.6.4: Advanced Standing Students
- section 2.2.6.5: Transfer Students

Applications to Upper Year (September or January entrance)

- section 2.2.6.7: Visiting Students (Letters of Permission)
- section 2.2.6.8: Incoming Exchange Students
- section 2.2.6.6: Comité des équivalences
- section 2.2.6.9: Special Students
2.2.6.1 University Applicants

A University applicant to McGill's Faculty of Law must have completed a minimum of two years of full-time university studies (60 credits) at the time of registration. This category includes applicants who, at the time of registration, will have completed more than one year of university studies in addition to a Diploma of Collegial Studies (DCS).

Please note that, while candidates who have completed 60 credits are eligible to apply to the B.C.L./J.D. program, the strength of the University applicant pool is such that the Faculty rarely admits candidates who will not have completed an undergraduate degree at the time of registration.

2.2.6.2 Mature Applicants

A Mature applicant is defined as an individual who has interrupted his or her formal education for a minimum of five years. Applicants who qualify as Mature must apply in this category. There is no predetermined number of Mature candidates admitted in a given year. A Mature applicant is normally expected to have completed, at a minimum, a Diploma of Collegial Studies (DCS) from a CEGEP or two years (60 credits) of university studies. Mature applicants who are regarded as potentially admissible following a review of their file may be required to attend an interview.

2.2.6.3 CEGEP and Quebec French Baccalaureate (Collège international Marie de France and Collège Stanislas) Applicants

Candidates may apply on the basis of a Diploma of Collegial Studies (DCS) from a CEGEP, or a Quebec French Baccalaureate (QFB). This category includes candidates who will have completed up to one year of university studies in addition to the DCS or QFB at the time of registration.

Candidates who will have completed a French Baccalaureate or an International Baccalaureate Diploma outside the province of Quebec must have completed a minimum of two years of full-time university studies (60 credits), at the time of registration, to be eligible to apply to our program.

- CEGEP/QFB candidates are not eligible to apply to the joint degree programs.
- CEGEP/QFB candidates who are regarded as potentially admissible following review of their file are required to attend an interview.

2.2.6.4 Advanced Standing Students

Applicants who hold a law degree from a Canadian or foreign university recognized by McGill must apply for admission to the B.C.L./J.D. program under the Advanced Standing category, unless applying under the Comité des équivalences category (see section 2.2.6.6: Comité des équivalences). There are a limited number of places available for Advanced Standing applicants. Applications are evaluated using the same criteria as applications to the first year of the B.C.L./J.D. program, with particular attention to performance in law studies.

As a general rule, Advanced Standing candidates have completed a law degree which would allow them to sit the Bar exam for the same jurisdiction as the one in which they completed their studies and/or would be admissible to graduate programs in law. Advanced Standing candidates applying from the French educational system must have a license (licence en droit); candidates holding only a DEUG are not eligible.

Successful applicants must complete a minimum of 75 credits at McGill and undertake the integrated B.C.L./J.D. program. It is not possible to obtain either the B.C.L. or the J.D. degree on its own. The Associate Dean (Academic) determines equivalences for previous studies.

2.2.6.5 Transfer Students

Students who have successfully completed at least one year of full-time studies in an undergraduate program at another Canadian law faculty may apply for admission as a Transfer student. There are a limited number of places available for Transfer students. Transfer applications are evaluated according to the criteria for admission to the first year of the B.C.L./J.D. program. Particular attention is paid to performance in law studies and reasons for requesting a transfer.

Successful transfer applicants must complete a minimum of 75 credits at McGill. The Associate Dean (Academic) determines credit for previous studies. In most cases, Transfer Students will be required to take the transsystemic first-year courses—Contractual Obligations and Extra-Contractual Obligations/Torts—in order to meet McGill’s degree requirements. Candidates will not receive credit for courses in obligations, contracts, or torts taken during the first year completed at another law faculty.

- Transfer students should forward transcripts of Winter term results as soon as they become available. Transfer applications cannot be evaluated without these results.
- Candidates who have completed a certificate in law are not eligible to apply under the Transfer category. These candidates must apply in the category of University, Mature, or CEGEP. Courses completed in a certificate in law program cannot be credited toward a McGill law degree.
- Students who are not in good standing or who have been required to withdraw at the end of their first year at another Canadian law faculty are not eligible to transfer to McGill.
- The online application is available from September 1 until November 1 for this category, even though the deadline for submitting an application is May 1. To submit a paper application under this category after November 1, please contact admissions.law@mcgill.ca.

2.2.6.6 Comité des équivalences

The Faculty accepts applications from candidates who hold a law degree from a Canadian or foreign university recognized by McGill and who are seeking to fulfill the requirements of the Comité des équivalences of the Barreau du Québec or of the Chambre des notaires, in order to practice in Quebec. Successful applicants must have the final decision of the Comité des équivalences of the Barreau or the Chambre des notaires in hand at the time of registration.

Please note that:
• This is a non-degree program: students wishing to obtain the B.C.L./J.D. degrees should apply under the section 2.2.6.4: Advanced Standing Students category.
• The Faculty does not consider candidates applying to fulfil the requirements of the National Committee on Accreditation.
• Courses taken by Comité des équivalences students cannot be credited toward a McGill law degree.

2.2.6.7 Visiting Students (Letters of Permission)
Students who have completed two years of studies at another law faculty who wish, for academic or personal reasons, to spend a term at McGill may be admitted as a Visiting Student. The Faculty endeavours to accommodate qualified students who are in good standing in their own faculties, where student numbers at McGill permit.

Students from other law faculties who would like to attend McGill as a Visiting Student must apply through the Admissions Office. Their application must include a Letter of Permission from their home university. The Director (Student Life and Learning) makes decisions on these applications. Accepted students must arrange their academic program with the Director (Student Life and Learning).

• Courses taken by Visiting Students cannot be credited toward a McGill law degree.

2.2.6.8 Incoming Exchange Students
Students registered in degree programs in law at universities that have an official exchange agreement with McGill University or with the Faculty of Law may apply as Exchange students. In addition, McGill participates in a number of exchange programs through BCI (Bureau de coopération interuniversitaire, previously known as CREPUQ). McGill's exchange partners are listed on McGill University's website.

Students participating in an exchange must fill out the online application form. There is no application fee for these candidates.

Exchange students are selected and officially nominated by their home universities. Please note that home university internal application deadlines may vary. McGill considers applicants on an individual basis; the minimum entrance requirement is generally a cumulative B average or its equivalent. Decisions on applications for exchange are made by the Director (Student Life and Learning). Admission decisions on exchange applications are final; there is no reconsideration process.

The Faculty has a limited number of places for Exchange students, and entrance into courses which have enrolment limits or require the permission of the instructor is not guaranteed.

Note: Courses taken by Exchange students cannot be credited toward a McGill law degree.

2.2.6.9 Special Students
The Faculty will exceptionally permit a limited number of candidates not actively pursuing a law degree to apply as Special Students. Students registered in other universities, and candidates not actively pursuing a university degree, may apply to take certain courses within the Faculty.

Special Student status will be granted to applicants who provide compelling academic or professional reasons for taking law courses and who successfully demonstrate the capacity to undertake the requirements of the requested course(s). Status will be granted only where sufficient course space is available.

Special Students are limited to a maximum of 6 credits per term, and to 12 credits in total.

Important information about this category:
• McGill students registered in a faculty other than law, who, for exceptional reasons related to their program of study, wish to enrol in a Faculty of Law course, must obtain the permission of the Associate Dean (Academic) and the course instructor. Such students need not fill out the online application. The Application to register for law courses for McGill students form is available on the Law Student Affairs Office website.
• Students registered in other Quebec universities who wish to take certain courses within the Faculty must apply through BCI (Bureau de coopération interuniversitaire, previously known as CREPUQ). Such students need not fill out the online application.
• Courses taken by Special Students will not be credited toward a McGill law degree.
• Students wishing to obtain a McGill law degree and students recently refused admission to a degree program in the Faculty of Law will not be admitted as Special Students.
• The Faculty does not consider Special Student applications from candidates seeking to fulfil the requirements of the National Committee on Accreditation.

The list of courses offered by the Faculty of Law is available from the Student Affairs Office website at www.mcgill.ca/law-studies/courses/current.

Note: All mandatory undergraduate courses for the B.C.L./J.D. program (see list below) and graduate courses (600 level) are not open to Special Students:

• BUS2 365 Business Associations
• LAWG 100D1/D2 Contractual Obligations
• LAWG 101D1/D2 Extra-Contractual Obligations/Torts
• LAWG 102D1/D2 Criminal Justice
• LAWG 110D1/D2 Integration Workshop
• LAWG 210 Legal Ethics and Professionalism
• LAWG 220D1/D2 Property
In addition, the following undergraduate complementary courses are not open to Special Students:

- PROC 200 Advanced Civil Law Obligations
- PRV3 200 Advanced Common Law Obligations

### 2.2.7 Application Deadlines for Law Undergraduate Programs

The online application is available as of September 1. Deadlines vary by category of admission. Applicants must take the time to identify the category in which they must apply. Applicants are responsible for ensuring that the online application is completed by the deadlines indicated below and that all supporting documents are uploaded via Minerva by the deadlines listed below. Instructions on uploading documents can be found at section 2.2.8: Application Supporting Documents. With the exception of references (which must be submitted in accordance with specific instructions for referees) and some transcripts, all supporting documents must be uploaded via Minerva. We strongly encourage emailing rather than mailing references.

Deadlines must be respected. Late applications are not accepted. There are no exceptions. Applicants are strongly encouraged to apply and submit all required supporting documents as early in the process as possible and in advance of their relevant deadlines.

Incomplete applications will not be circulated to the Admissions Committee. Incomplete applications will be cancelled the day following the supporting document submission deadlines.

Please refer to section 2.2.6: Categories of Applicants in order to determine which deadline applies to you.

**Note:** First-year, Transfer, and Advanced-Standing students may only enter the program in September.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Applicants to First Year (Fall 2020)</th>
<th>Online Application Deadlines</th>
<th>Supporting Document Deadlines</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>University</td>
<td>November 1, 2019</td>
<td>November 8, 2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mature</td>
<td>November 1, 2019</td>
<td>November 8, 2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CEGEP/Baccalaureate (Collège international Marie de France and Collège Stanislas)</td>
<td>March 1, 2020</td>
<td>March 7, 2020</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Applicants to Upper Years</th>
<th>Online Application Deadlines</th>
<th>Supporting Document Deadlines</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Advanced Standing (Fall 2020)</td>
<td>November 1, 2019</td>
<td>January 15, 2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transfer (Fall 2020)</td>
<td>May 1, 2020</td>
<td>June 15, 2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comité des équivalences (Fall 2020 entrance)</td>
<td>May 1, 2020</td>
<td>July 1, 2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chambre des notaires (Fall 2020 entrance)</td>
<td>May 1, 2020</td>
<td>July 1, 2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special (Fall 2020 entrance)</td>
<td>August 1, 2020</td>
<td>August 8, 2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Visiting (Fall 2020 and/or Winter 2021)</td>
<td>May 1, 2020</td>
<td>June 15, 2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incoming Exchange (Winter 2020)</td>
<td>September 15, 2019</td>
<td>October 1, 2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incoming Exchange (Fall 2020)</td>
<td>April 15, 2020</td>
<td>May 1, 2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incoming Exchange (Winter 2021)</td>
<td>September 15, 2020</td>
<td>October 1, 2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comité des équivalences (Winter 2020 entrance)</td>
<td>October 1, 2019</td>
<td>December 1, 2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chambre des notaires (Winter 2020 entrance)</td>
<td>October 1, 2019</td>
<td>December 1, 2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special (Winter 2020 entrance)</td>
<td>December 1, 2019</td>
<td>December 8, 2019</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 2.2.8 Application Supporting Documents

Applicants must upload supporting documents via Minerva after having completed the online application (after having received the acknowledgment notice via email). Not all documents may be uploaded via Minerva. See section 2.2.8.1: Uploading supporting documents below.

Supporting documents required for all categories of applicants (unless otherwise indicated):

- section 2.2.8.3: Transcripts
- section 2.2.8.4: Personal Statement
section 2.2.8.6: CV

section 2.2.8.7: References (not required for Exchange students)

Letter of Permission/Nomination (Visiting and Exchange students only)

Final decision from the Comité des équivalences of the Barreau du Québec or the Chambre des notaires du Québec (Comité des équivalences applicants only)

Photocopy of passport (Exchange students only)

The Admissions Office will obtain LSAT results directly from the Law School Admission Council for those candidates who have taken, or plan to take, the LSAT.

After completing the online application, candidates must ensure that required supporting documents are uploaded via Minerva (or, if necessary, mailed directly to the Admissions Office at the Faculty of Law). Documents sent by mail must be postmarked or delivered on or before the dates listed in section 2.2.7: Application Deadlines for Law Undergraduate Programs. Documents sent by fax or email will not be accepted, unless specifically indicated in the instructions for document submission. See section 2.2.8.7: References.

During peak periods (i.e., close to deadlines), the volume of document intake is extremely high (over 1,300 applications yearly) and there may be a delay of up to 48 hours between the receipt of a document and the date on which it is recorded in our information system. Taking this delay into consideration, candidates should contact the Undergraduate Admissions Office only if their file remains incomplete 48 hours past the deadline for supporting documents.

Documents submitted to McGill University in support of an application to be admitted, including, but not limited to transcripts, diplomas, references, and test scores (in paper or electronic format), become the property of McGill University and will not be returned to the applicant or forwarded to another institution.

2.2.8.1 Uploading supporting documents

You must upload your supporting documents rather than mailing them. Uploading your documents saves you time, effort, and the expense of mailing transcripts and supporting documents to us. It prevents delays normally incurred in the processing of paper documentation, allows you to associate your documents with the correct application and requirement, and assures that your documents have been received.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Documents that can be uploaded via Minerva</th>
<th>Number of uploads allowed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Unofficial transcripts</td>
<td>Updated version accepted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personal statement</td>
<td>One</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Resumé</td>
<td>Updated version accepted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Letter of extenuating circumstance (if applicable)</td>
<td>One</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Please see the instructions at www.mcgill.ca/applying/nextsteps/documents/upload. Documents that have been successfully uploaded to an application should not be sent by mail.

2.2.8.2 Mailing supporting documents

Documents that have been successfully uploaded to an application should not be sent by mail. Below is the address for supporting documents, if submitting in person, by mail, or courier (for documents that cannot be uploaded):

Law Admissions Office
Faculty of Law
McGill University
New Chancellor Day Hall, Room 418
3644 Peel Street
Montreal QC H3A 1W9
CANADA

Submit your documents in as early as possible. The Admissions Committee only reviews files once complete. Only required supporting documents will be added to your file. Please refrain from sending other items, as these will not be considered part of your admission file.

Inquiries about supporting documents should be directed to:

Telephone: 514-398-6602
Fax: 514-398-8453
Email: admissions.law@mcgill.ca
Website: mcgill.ca/law/bcl-jd

2.2.8.3 Transcripts

Applicants must submit a complete academic record from all previous post-secondary studies, as well as subsequent transcripts until the applicant has received the Admissions Committee's final decision.
Applicants have three different ways to submit their transcripts:

1. **Transcripts for studies undertaken in Quebec universities** may be submitted electronically via the BCI (Bureau de coopération interuniversitaire, previously known as CREPUQ) system. Applicants have to contact the registrar of their home university and ask for this arrangement.

2. All other transcripts must be uploaded via Minerva. Transcripts received in this manner are considered unofficial. Applicants will only be asked for official transcripts (sent to us by mail in an envelope sealed by the Registrar of the issuing institution) if and when offered admission to the program. Our offer of admission will be contingent upon the receipt and verification of these official documents. If you have uploaded unofficial transcripts, you are not required to submit official transcripts until we request them from you.

3. If submitting official transcripts, to be considered official, these must be submitted in an envelope sealed by the Office of the Registrar of the issuing institution.

### Scanning your transcript

Make sure that the page orientation of the scanned document matches the original. For example, transcripts that are printed vertically (portrait) should be scanned so that they appear in portrait format. Transcripts printed horizontally (landscape) should appear in landscape format.

**Note:** McGill University reserves the right to require official academic credentials at any time during the admissions process, and rescind any offer of admission made if discrepancies between unofficial and official transcript(s) are found.

It is the applicant's responsibility to ensure that all required transcripts are submitted as early as possible.

1. **BCI transcripts:** Applicants need not submit paper-based official transcripts of studies undertaken in Quebec universities to the Admissions Office if these transcripts are submitted electronically via the BCI (Bureau de coopération interuniversitaire, previously known as CREPUQ) system. Transcripts submitted via the BCI system are considered official.

2. **McGill transcripts:** Applicants need not submit official transcripts of studies at McGill University to the Admissions Office. The Admissions Office obtains these results directly from McGill's Enrolment Services. Applicants who participated in an exchange during their program at McGill must submit a transcript.

3. **Exchange, Visiting, Independent studies transcripts:** Applicants must submit transcripts for results in studies carried out while on exchange or visiting another university, unless the grades as well as the credits obtained are already included on transcripts issued by their home university. Exchange programs should be indicated in the University History form of the online application.

4. **Transcripts not in French or English:** Transcripts in a language other than English or French must be accompanied by an English or French translation provided either by the school issuing the transcript or by a certified translator.

5. **CEGEP transcripts (Permanent Code):** Applicants who are currently, or have been, enrolled at a CEGEP must provide their Permanent Code. Starting mid-October each year, McGill will obtain official CEGEP transcripts electronically from the Government of Quebec. The processing of applications for applicants who are currently, or have been, enrolled at a CEGEP will not take place until a valid Permanent Code is provided.

6. **Quebec French Baccalaureate:** Applicants in Quebec French Baccalaureate programs must submit official transcripts.

7. **Official Electronic Transcripts:** More and more institutions offer the option to send official e-transcripts. The email address to use when requesting e-transcripts be sent to McGill is: oficialedu@mcgill.ca. This email address is for the reception of official transcripts and/or proof of graduation only and must be sent to us directly from the institution or 3rd party service provider (e.g., Parchment, NSC, Digitary).

8. **Winter term transcripts for Transfer students:** Transfer students should forward the official transcript of their Winter term results as soon as they become available. Transfer applications cannot be evaluated without these results.

9. **Transcripts will not be returned:** Transcripts sent to McGill become the property of the University and will not be returned or forwarded to other institutions.

10. **Law School Data Assembly Service & Ontario Law School Application Service (OLSAS):** The Faculty of Law at McGill does not receive transcripts through the Law School Data Assembly Service or through OLSAS.

11. **French or English language courses:** Applicants should report in the University History form (or the Quebec Collegial Studies from) of the online application any courses taken, outside a degree program, which would contribute to their language competency and submit a transcript or certificate of completion.

#### 2.2.8.4 Personal Statement

Applicants must submit a 500 word essay referred to as a Personal Statement. The following is intended to assist in preparing this document.

**What is the purpose of the Personal Statement?**

The Personal Statement is your moment to showcase the unique aspects of your motivations, your background, and your personality that make you a compelling candidate for our program. The Admissions Committee relies on the Personal Statement to understand the factors that motivate you to pursue a legal education, the particular meaning that the study of law holds for you, and the reasons for your interest in our program. In addition, your Personal Statement shows the Admissions Committee your writing style, your ability to present your ideas in English and/or French, and your maturity and judgment as shown through your writing.

**What is the Admissions Committee looking for in reading your Personal Statement?**

Members of the Admissions Committee are interested in what you will bring to the study of law and to our learning community, and how you will benefit from the study of law. They look for indicators of intellectual curiosity, community engagement, political/social insight, leadership skills, ability to work with others, openness to diversity (cultural, linguistic, and otherwise), maturity, judgment, and potential for development through opportunity or adversity. The Personal Statement must be a product of your own reflection. We truly value a wide range of backgrounds, identities, and future aspirations. Whether you wish to become a practising lawyer or you have other ideas about your career path following a legal education, your application, and specifically your Personal Statement, should show thoughtful consideration of your reasons for studying law, and at our Faculty in particular.

**Practical tips**
We strongly encourage you to thoroughly research various Law faculties, comparing them to McGill, as each Law faculties will have its own strengths and particularities. Doing some research may help you identify and articulate why you are interested in studying at McGill in particular. Read our Admissions Policies to get a sense of what we look for in our admitted students. Before writing, reflect critically on your motivations, your interests, and your convictions, and their connection to our program. The Personal Statement should not be used as a vehicle for narrating or repeating your résumé. Bear in mind that you have a limited amount of writing space; make it count. Be authentic. Be yourself. Don’t be afraid to be original, but don’t overlook the importance of the substance. Finally, ensure that your Personal Statement follows our formatting guidelines and that it has grammatical integrity.

Format
The format of the Personal Statement must adhere to the following basic characteristics:

- Maximum of 500 Words (Include a word count at the end of your Personal Statement.)
- Indicate your name and McGill ID (found in the Minerva acknowledgment notice) at the top right corner of all pages.
- Candidates who have applied to the Faculty in the past must submit a new Personal Statement with any new application.

2.2.8.5 Extenuating Circumstances
Serious medical or personal difficulties may have had an impact on an applicant's academic performance. If this is the case, the applicant should submit a separate letter to explain their particular extenuating circumstance(s). If appropriate, applicants may include supporting documentation such as a medical certificate.

2.2.8.5.1 Format
Indicate your name, McGill ID (indicated in the acknowledgement notice), and the subject of your letter "Extenuating circumstances" in the top right corner of each page. Note that the extenuating circumstances file should include both the letter and supporting documentation (where applicable) and must respect the maximum file size (3 MB). Only one version is accepted. Additional documents sent by mail will not be considered.

2.2.8.6 CV
Applicants are required to submit a CV highlighting their:

- academic background and achievements;
- work experience;
- volunteer and community work;
- extracurricular activities, sports, hobbies, and other significant interests.

Note: It is useful to the Admissions Committee if you indicate the number of hours worked during your studies, as well as the time commitment involved in your volunteer and community activities. It is in your interest to share with the Committee your academic and non-academic contributions and distinctions.

The CV assists the Admissions Committee in its assessment of a candidate's academic strength, depth of involvement in extracurricular activities, leadership, and time management skills.

Re-application: Candidates who have applied to the Faculty of Law in previous years are required to submit an updated CV.

2.2.8.6.1 Format
While you may format your CV in any way that best presents your information, the CV must conform to the two-page maximum.

Please visit the Supporting Documents page of the Faculty of Law Admissions Guide if you wish to use our optional CV template: mcgill.ca/law/bcl- jd/admissions-guide/supporting-documents

2.2.8.7 References
Two (2) references are required. The Admissions Committee does not accept additional references.

Applicants who are students, or who have recently completed programs of study, are expected to provide academic references from current or recent professors or teachers who are familiar with their work. Applicants in the CEGEP and Quebec French Baccalaureate (Collège international Marie de France and Collège Stanislas) category are expected to submit two references from CEGEP or college professors.

Applicants who are unable to obtain academic references because they are no longer students should submit references from individuals who are well placed to evaluate the applicant's academic abilities such as critical reading, research, and writing; these may be professional references, but ought to be from a person who is in a supervisory position vis-à-vis the applicant.

Personal references are not helpful.

Note: The Law Admissions Office does not contact your referees to solicit their references.

2.2.8.7.1 Requirements
The candidate must send a copy of the Instructions for applicant referees to ensure that the references meet the formatting requirements set out by the Faculty's Admissions Office. The Instructions for applicant referees and reference form is available under Instructions for applicant referees.
The candidate must send referees the link to Instructions for referees. The Admissions Office does not contact referees to invite them to complete the reference form. On the Instructions for referees page, referees may download the Reference form which they must complete and email directly to the Admissions Office. It is highly recommended that candidates also review the Instructions for referees as well as the Reference form and to think of referees who might best be able to respond to the questions asked.

It is strongly recommended that references be sent by the referee via email. This helps the Admissions office process your file more efficiently.

- References sent by University Career Centres will also be accepted if stated that the references are confidential.

If submitted on paper, the sealed references may be given to the applicant directly or be mailed to the Law Admissions Office.

1. The Admissions Office does not accept references by fax or by telephone.
2. Given our strict requirement of two references:
   a. A candidate should indicate the two chosen referees in the first and second fields of the Referee Information section of the online application.
   b. Only references from those two referees will be inserted in the candidate’s file.
   c. A candidate who wishes to make a referee substitution may do so until the deadline to submit supporting documents. In such case, please advise the Faculty of Law Admissions Office in writing.

2.2.8.8 Law School Admission Test (LSAT)

Applicants are not required to take the LSAT. However, if a candidate has taken or will be taking the LSAT, the score will be reviewed by the Admissions Committee. Applicants who have taken or will be taking the test must report the date(s) of sitting(s) and provide their LSAT identification number in the appropriate places on the application. They must do so irrespective of whether the LSAT may, in their own estimation, strengthen or weaken their candidacy.

Note: Candidates must advise the Faculty of Law Admissions Office in writing of any change regarding the registration to the LSAT when the change occurs after the submission of the application form. If the candidate is writing the LSAT, the file will be circulated for review by the Admissions Committee only when all pending LSAT results are received.

2.2.8.8.1 Consequences of Failure to Disclose

The Faculty of Law may revoke an offer of admission or cancel an application at any time for material misrepresentation, including omissions, in an application. Although the LSAT is not a mandatory element in an application for admission, every applicant who has taken or will be taking it must disclose their LSAT information and failure to do so is a material misrepresentation. The Admissions Office conducts random verifications for LSAT scores throughout the admissions process and a systematic verification with respect to candidates who receive an offer of admission. These verifications have, in the past, resulted in the revocation of offers of admission.

2.2.8.8.1.1 Why does the Faculty of Law not require the LSAT?

The Faculty of Law is a bilingual learning environment. We believe it would be disadvantageous to the significant proportion of applicants and admitted students who indicate French as a first language to require, as a matter of eligibility, a test that is offered only in English.

2.2.8.8.1.2 Who should take the LSAT?

While it is not required, it may nevertheless be advisable for many candidates to consider writing the LSAT. Admission to McGill’s Law program is highly competitive; there are roughly eight times as many applicants as there are available places in the first-year class. Accordingly, candidates are strongly encouraged to apply for admission to a number of faculties of law. Almost all faculties of law outside Quebec (with the exception of the Civil Law program at the University of Ottawa and the French Common Law programs at the University of Moncton and the University of Ottawa) require the LSAT.

The quality of McGill’s applicant pool is exceptionally strong. Among admitted students, the average entering GPA is a 3.8 on a 4.0 scale (about an 85% average). Applicants with academic records below this average GPA or percentile are encouraged to consider writing the LSAT.

If you are considering writing the LSAT only to improve your application to McGill Law, it will be important to assess how the results could impact the strength of your application. It is also important to note that if you write the LSAT more than once, McGill Law takes your average score. Based on an average of incoming classes in recent years, the average LSAT result of those entering the McGill program is 162, with 50% of the entering class with a score between 160 and 164, 25% being between 150 and 160, and 25% being between 164 and 170.

2.2.8.8.1.3 When should I write the LSAT?

Note: As of 2018, the Law School Admissions Council has introduced new LSAT dates. Please review the new LSAT schedule at www.lsac.org/jd/lsat/test-dates-deadlines.

Candidates should write the LSAT by November of the year prior to the year for which they seek admission at the latest. Candidates who register for the November LSAT should be aware that consideration of their file will be delayed until receipt of the score.

Applications from candidates who register for the January LSAT of the year for which they seek admission will be reviewed by the Admissions Committee only when all required elements, including the January LSAT score, are received. Given the passing of several months since the application deadline, candidates who register for the January LSAT risk that, by the time the Committee reviews their application, there will no longer be a place to offer even if the Committee wishes to admit.

2.2.8.8.1.4 Processing of LSAT Results

The Admissions Office obtains test results directly from the Law School Admission Council (LSAC).

McGill University does not administer the LSAT. Applicants who wish to register for the LSAT must do so directly with Law School Admission Council.
For additional information, see the LSAT section of our FAQ.

3 Exchange and Study Abroad Options

For more information, see the Study Abroad & Field Studies section.

The Faculty of Law has a strong exchange program with partnerships with leading institutions around the world. Approximately 25% of undergraduate law students participate in a study abroad program.

- If you are a McGill law student who is interested in participating in an exchange program, consult the Student Affairs Office website.
- If you are a law student from another institution who is interested in coming to McGill as part of an exchange program, see the Incoming Exchange & Visiting Students website.

The Faculty of Law also offers students the opportunity to participate in credited summer Human Rights Internships. These internships are coordinated through the Centre for Human Rights and Legal Pluralism (CHRLP) and count for course credit. Details about the Human Rights Internships can be found at www.mcgill.ca/humanrights/clinical/internships. Please visit www.mcgill.ca/edo for additional information on these opportunities and others.

4 Student Activities and Services

The Faculty of Law offers a wide variety of extracurricular activities for students. All are encouraged to participate. Many of these are organized within the Faculty under the auspices of the Law Students Association (LSA). The LSA website provides details regarding various student clubs: www.lsa-aed.ca. For more information on extracurricular activities and organizations, please visit www.mcgill.ca/law.

4.1 Clinical Legal Education at McGill Law

The Faculty of Law is proud to offer a wide variety of Clinical Legal Education (CLE) opportunities that allow students to build valuable skills through experiential learning. B.C.L./J.D. students may take up to 15 "non-course" credits by participating in the International Human Rights Internship Program, Court Clerkships, Competitive Mooting, the Legal Clinic Course, Law Journals and working as Legal Methodology Tutorial Leaders or Group Assistants for a professor. For additional information about each of the CLE opportunities available, please visit www.mcgill.ca/law-studies/bcljd-studies/clinical-legal-education.

4.2 Law Student Services

4.2.1 Student Affairs Office

The Student Affairs Office (SAO) is located in New Chancellor Day Hall, Room 433. The SAO is home to the Associate Dean (Academic), the Director (Student Life & Learning), two Student Advisors, a Senior Administrative and Student Affairs Coordinator, and two Students Affairs Coordinators. The members of the SAO are here to help students navigate the Law School at every point in their program.

The following SAO services and supports are available to all students at any point in their Law program.

4.2.2 Student Advising & Support

Students are encouraged to seek academic advice and support from the SAO throughout their academic career. If you are experiencing acute stress, struggling to maintain productivity, or not sleeping or eating well, dealing with financial problems or any other personal problem, support is available. Come by your SAO on the 4th floor or send your availabilities to sao.law@mcgill.ca to schedule an appointment with the Director (Student Life & Learning) or one of our Student Advisors. For more information, see www.mcgill.ca/law-studies/information.

If you notice one of your classmates struggling, send them our way.

The SAO also provides academic advising related to registration, program planning, part-time status, leave of absence, exams, major program, honours program, minors, exchange program, clinical legal education, summer courses/programs, exam conflicts and deferrals, and much more.

4.2.3 Academic Accommodations

Students may experience personal situations which may prevent them from writing an exam as scheduled, submitting a paper or assignment on time, or completing a course. There may be times when a student may require a more comprehensive academic plan due to illness or a disability. There are policies and procedures in place that provide options to assist a student. These options may include extensions, deferrals, attendance waiver, leave of absence, and/or
part time studies. Requests for academic accommodations are directed to the Student Affairs Office rather than individual instructors. The SAO is available to meet with students to discuss ways to provide some flexibility in the program and to accommodate particular circumstances. Students must be prepared to provide supporting documentation when seeking accommodations. Please contact sao.law@mcgill.ca to arrange an appointment with an advisor. See the Academic Advising & Support section of our website to find out about your advisors and how they can support you. For more information, see www.mcgill.ca/law-studies/information/academic-accommodations.

The Office for Students with Disability (OSD) also works with students who have documented disabilities, mental health issues, chronic health conditions, or other impairments. These may be temporary, permanent, or episodic. We encourage all students to book an appointment with an Access Services Adviser to discuss your barriers and to determine what resources or accommodations will help to make your time at McGill a success.

4.2.4 Scholarships and Financial Support

The Faculty of Law offers a number of awards that acknowledge academic achievement and extra-curricular activities. Students are encouraged to review the prizes and scholarships available and direct any questions to the Student Affairs Office. For more information, see www.mcgill.ca/law-studies/information/funding.

The University’s Scholarships and Student Aid Office also offers scholarships and financial aid to undergraduate students currently enrolled in full-time degree programs at McGill. The Scholarships and Student Aid Office administers the University’s In-course Financial Aid Program. Financial Aid Counsellors are available to assess student need, decide on suitable aid amounts (non-repayable and payable), and guide students towards other forms of support such as government aid and on-campus work programs. For more information, see McGill’s Scholarships and Student Aid website.

4.2.5 Student Wellness

Law students have interests and responsibilities outside of the walls of Chancellor Day Hall. The SAO recognizes this and aims to help you balance your academic self with the other aspects of your life. Learning doesn’t just happen in the classroom, but as a lifelong journey beyond law school! To promote wellness at the Faculty, the SAO provides workshops via the Academic Success Series, organizes wellness events throughout the year, and has a wellness website dedicated to providing resources related to Healthy Body & Mind, Financial Wellbeing, Volunteering, Students with Dependents, and the Mentorship Program.

Students may also reach out to a Local Wellness Advisors situated in the Faculty of Law for support. Local Wellness Advisors (LWAs) are Student Wellness Hub staff who are here to promote awareness, and facilitate prevention, and early intervention in their designated areas. LWAs offer wellness-related programming and will be available for one-on-one single session consultations. LWAs can also provide training to student groups who are interested in developing different skills (i.e., active listening, mental health awareness) and student wellness concerns.

4.3 Law Students’ Association/Association des étudiant.e.s en droit

The Law Students’ Association was created on March 12, 1912. Before that time, law students were members exclusively of the Student Society of McGill University (SSMU). Since then, our membership has grown from 30 to about 600. On May 4, 1992 the LSA was incorporated and continues to play a very active role in student life and student governance at various levels: Faculty, University, Provincial, and Federal. The LSA is the official student organization of the Faculty of Law of McGill University. We aim at representing your voice in the Faculty's administration as well as offering services, organizing events and supporting your projects. If you have any questions or suggestions, please come and see us in the LSA office in the basement of Old Chancellor Day Hall, write us an email, call us, or simply stop us in the halls. The LSA executive has 9 members who represent law students. Every executive member is elected or acclaimed during end-of-year elections.

Further information is available on the LSA/AÉD website.

4.4 Student-Led Associations and Initiatives

- section 4.4.1: Legal Information Clinic at McGill
- section 4.4.2: Contours
- section 4.4.3: Graduate Law Student Association
- section 4.4.4: Healthy Legal Minds
- section 4.4.5: Innocence McGill
- section 4.4.6: L.E.X. Program
- section 4.4.7: McGill Journal of Law and Health
- section 4.4.8: McGill Journal of Sustainable Development Law
- section 4.4.9: McGill Law Journal
- section 4.4.10: Pro Bono Students Canada
- section 4.4.11: Quid Novi
- section 4.4.12: Skit Nite
4.4.1 Legal Information Clinic at McGill

The Legal Information Clinic at McGill (LICM) is a non-profit, student-run, bilingual, and free legal information service. Our mandate is to provide legal information, referral and document certification services to the McGill and Montreal communities, with a continuing commitment to meeting the needs of marginalized groups. Students who have completed their first year at the Faculty of Law are eligible to volunteer, but all McGill students are entitled to receive our services for free! For further information, contact:

Legal Information Clinic at McGill
SSMU Building
3480 rue McTavish, Room 107
Montreal QC H3A 0E7
Telephone: 514-398-6792
Website: licm.mcgill.ca

4.4.2 Contours

Contours is a project based at the McGill Faculty of Law that aims to map and shape the contours of debates, experiences, concerns, and aspirations through written and artistic exploration of the intersection of women and law. Founded in 2012, the student-run magazine is a space for women's voices and an invitation for us all to start a conversation. Contours is published annually and welcomes contributions in English and French from students and faculty. Nous accueillons des réponses argumentatives et émotionnelles, théoriques et expériентielles, par écrit et de l'art, parce que nous croyons que toutes ces formes d'expression sont utiles pour développer notre compréhension des intersections entre les femmes et le droit à différents niveaux.

4.4.3 Graduate Law Student Association

The Graduate Law Students’ Association (GLSA) is an Association with an Executive Board composed of five graduate students, who represent all Law graduate students at both the Faculty of Law and the Post-Graduate Students Society of McGill University (PGSS). All graduate students and postdoctoral fellows at the McGill Faculty of Law are members of the GLSA. The GLSA executives aim to improve the graduate student experience at McGill and advance your interests within the Faculty of Law. The GLSA holds seats at many Faculty committees, including Faculty Council, the Graduate Studies Committee and PGSS Council. The GLSA also organizes social, cultural and academic events which provide students the opportunity to relax and socialize outside the classroom, and to discuss their research with their peers.

4.4.4 Healthy Legal Minds

Healthy Legal Minds is the face of McGill Law Students Mental Health Committee, created to promote a cultural shift towards better mental health at our faculty. The mental health initiative at McGill Law was founded by students who fought for the rights of law students across Quebec to enter the legal profession without discrimination regarding mental health conditions. Now, the McGill Law Students Mental Health Committee is tasked with thinking of solutions that will create a lasting legacy of better mental health at law school and in the legal profession. The Law Students Association allocated a historic $50,000 for that purpose by referendum in 2014.

4.4.5 Innocence McGill

Innocence McGill is a legal clinic based at McGill University's Faculty of Law and dedicated to researching and investigating claims of wrongful conviction for serious crimes in Quebec. Founded in 2005, we are a student-led and student-run organization with oversight by our supervising lawyer (a criminal defence attorney in Montreal) and our Faculty Advisor. Our ultimate goal is to help secure the freedom of those who are factually innocent of serious crimes for which they continue to serve sentences in Quebec prisons.

4.4.6 L.E.X. Program

The Faculty’s High School Outreach Program has been renamed to L.E.X. (Law – Éducation – Connexion) to better reflect its bilingual nature and priorities. L.E.X. gives law students and Montreal-area high school kids a chance to meet, interact and learn from each other. This initiative stems from our concern about Quebec’s alarming high school dropout rates and about the fact that many underprivileged kids, as well as children of immigrants and visible minorities in Montreal, are under-represented in post-secondary and legal education. The L.E.X. Program reflects our view that the privileges enjoyed by the Faculty of Law and its students also bring responsibilities.

4.4.7 McGill Journal of Law and Health

The McGill Journal of Law and Health (MLJH)/Révue de droit et santé de McGill (RDSM) is a peer-reviewed academic journal featuring literature from renowned academics and practitioners on current issues of law and policy relating to health. Publishing annually since 2007 on topics ranging from medical practice and technology, to intellectual property and medical ethics, the MJLH is a bilingual, student-run venture based at the Faculty of Law of McGill University, and operates within an interdisciplinary and transsystemic framework of legal scholarship.
4.4.8 McGill Journal of Sustainable Development Law

The McGill Journal of Sustainable Development Law (MJSDL), formerly McGill International Journal of Sustainable Development Law and Policy (JSDLP), provides a forum in which the world's leading scholars exchange ideas on the intersection between law, development, the environment, economics, and society. Over the past quarter-century, determining how to enrich our world in a more sustainable fashion has become an imperative, especially given the impact of development on the environment and human rights. Despite this pressing need for new ideas, there are few outlets for informed and focused commentary on sustainability, particularly in Canada. In response to this void, students at the Faculty of Law of McGill University established the MJSDL, a student-run, peer-reviewed academic journal, in 2004.

4.4.9 McGill Law Journal

The McGill Law Journal was founded in 1952 by students at the Faculty of Law of McGill University. Since its establishment, the Journal has promoted the development of legal scholarship by providing content with broad appeal to an audience that includes professors of law, practicing lawyers, and law students. The Journal has consistently pursued this objective for six decades and continues to foster a more profound understanding of the common law and civil law legal traditions. Today the Journal is recognized as an important forum for the critical analysis of contemporary legal issues in the realms of public, private, and international law.

4.4.10 Pro Bono Students Canada

Pro Bono Students Canada (PBSC) was founded in 1996 at the University of Toronto Faculty of Law. Since then, PBSC has expanded to have chapters in all 22 Canadian law schools. Each year across Canada, 1,600 PBSC law student volunteers provide approximately 140,000 hours of free legal services to over 400 public interest and other community organizations, courts and tribunals. PBSC is the only national student program in Canada, the only national pro bono program in the country, and the only national pro bono service organization anywhere in the world. PBSC McGill began in 2000 and has been going strong since then. During the 2012-2013 school year, PBSC McGill had 91 law student volunteers who worked with and provided legal services to 32 different community organizations across Montreal.

4.4.11 Quid Novi

Quid Novi is the weekly newspaper of the McGill Faculty of Law, and is published and financially supported by the Law Students' Association. It covers events and legal issues, both inside and outside the Faculty. Content ranges from wit and satire to investigative journalism, from poetry to front-page news stories, and from political commentary to humorous contests.

4.4.12 Skit Nite

Skit Nite is an annual theatrical event produced and performed by law students. Comprising humorous vignettes of law school life and musical performances, the show has become the highlight of the Faculty social calendar. The primary purpose of the evening, however, is to raise money for worthy local causes. Skit Nite donates every year to several Montreal charities.

5 Scholarships, Prizes, and Student Aid for Undergraduate Students

A complete list of undergraduate scholarships, bursaries, and other forms of financial assistance administered by the Scholarships and Student Aid Office (SSAO) is available in the Undergraduate Scholarships and Awards Calendar, which can be accessed at www.mcgill.ca/studentawards/undergraduate-scholarships-and-awards.

- Information and regulations governing entrance scholarships may be viewed at www.mcgill.ca/studentaid/scholarships-aid/future-undergrads/entrance-scholarships.
- Information and regulations pertaining to in-course awards are available at www.mcgill.ca/studentaid/scholarships-aid/current-undergrads.
- Information regarding the application process for discretionary prizes and scholarships awarded by the Faculty of Law Prizes and Scholarships Committee are available at www.mcgill.ca/law-studies/financial-support/prizes.
- For information on bursaries and loans, students should consult www.mcgill.ca/studentaid/scholarships-aid.
- Details on the Work Study program are available at www.mcgill.ca/studentaid/work-study.

6 Undergraduate Program Requirements

The McGill B.C.L./LL.B Program

section 6.1: Bachelor of Civil Law (B.C.L.) and Juris Doctor (J.D.) Law (105 credits)
The McGill B.C.L./LL.B Program

section 6.2: Bachelor of Civil Law (B.C.L.) and Juris Doctor (J.D.) Honours Law (120 credits)

section 6.3: Bachelor of Law (B.C.L.) / Juris Doctor (J.D.) with Major Concentration Law with Major Concentration Commercial Negotiation and Dispute Resolution (123 credits)

section 6.4: Bachelor of Law (B.C.L.) / Juris Doctor (J.D.) with Major Concentration Law with Major International Human Rights and Development (123 credits)

section 6.5: Bachelor of Civil Law (B.C.L.) and Juris Doctor (J.D.) with Minor Law (with Minor) (123 credits)

section 6.6: Bachelor of Law (B.C.L.)/Juris Doctor (J.D.) & Master of Social Work (M.S.W.) (Joint B.C.L./J.D & M.S.W.) Law & Social Work (Non-Thesis) (132 credits)

Bachelor of Civil Law (B.C.L.) and Juris Doctor (J.D.) Law (105 credits)

At the Faculty of Law, students pursue an integrated program of studies which qualifies them for the Bar Admission Programs in all Canadian provinces. The Faculty grants concurrently both its degrees - Bachelor of Civil Law (B.C.L.) and Juris Doctor (J.D.) - to candidates who have successfully completed 105 credits.

Students should consult the Faculty website for updates: http://www.mcgill.ca/law-studies/.

Required Courses (46 credits)

First Year
The following 32 credits of courses may be taken only in the first year:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Credits</th>
<th>Title</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LAWG 100D1</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Contractual Obligations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAWG 100D2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Contractual Obligations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAWG 101D1</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Extra-Contractual Obligations/Torts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAWG 101D2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Extra-Contractual Obligations/Torts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAWG 102D1</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Criminal Justice</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAWG 102D2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Criminal Justice</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAWG 110D1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Integration Workshop</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAWG 110D2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Integration Workshop</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PUB2 101D1</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Constitutional Law</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PUB2 101D2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Constitutional Law</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PUB3 116D1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Foundations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PUB3 116D2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Foundations</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Second Year
The following 13 credits of courses may be taken only in the second year:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Credits</th>
<th>Title</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LAWG 210</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Legal Ethics and Professionalism</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAWG 220D1</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Property</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAWG 220D2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Property</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PROC 124</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Judicial Institutions and Civil Procedure</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Any Year
The following 1 credit course may be taken in any year after completing the first year:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Credits</th>
<th>Title</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PRAC 200</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Advocacy</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Complementary Courses (12 credits)

Civil Law Immersion Courses
3 credits from the following list of civil law courses:

- BUS2 561 (3) Insurance
- LAWG 506 (3) Advanced Civil Law Property
- PROC 200 (3) Advanced Civil Law Obligations
- PROC 549 (3) Lease, Enterprise, Suretyship
- PRV2 270 (3) Law of Persons
- PRV4 548 (3) Administration Property of Another and Trusts

Common Law Immersion Courses
3 credits from the following list of common law courses:

- PRV3 200 (3) Advanced Common Law Obligations
- PRV3 534 (3) Remedies
- PRV4 451 (3) Real Estate Transactions
- PRV4 500 (3) Restitution
- PRV4 549 (3) Equity and Trusts

Social Diversity, Human Rights and Indigenous Law Courses
Students must take at least 3 credits from the following courses:

- CMPL 500 (3) Aboriginal Peoples and the Law
- CMPL 504 (3) Feminist Legal Theory
- CMPL 511 (3) Social Diversity and Law
- CMPL 516 (3) International Development Law
- CMPL 565 (3) International Humanitarian Law
- CMPL 571 (3) International Law of Human Rights
- CMPL 573 (3) Civil Liberties
- CMPL 575 (3) Discrimination and the Law
- IDFC 500 (3) Indigenous Field Studies
- LAWG 503 (3) Inter-American Human Rights
- LAWG 505 (3) Critical Engagements with Human Rights
- LAWG 507 (3) Critical Race Theory Advanced Seminar
- LEEL 369 (3) Labour Law
- LEEL 582 (3) Law and Poverty
- PUB2 105 (3) Public International Law
- PUB2 500 (3) Law and Psychiatry
- PUB2 502 (3) International Criminal Law
- PUB2 551 (3) Immigration and Refugee Law
- PUB3 515 (3) Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms

Principles of Canadian Administrative Law
3 credits from the following courses:

- BUS 532 (3) Bankruptcy and Insolvency
- BUS 504 (3) Securities Regulation
- CMPL 543 (3) Law and Practice of International Trade
- CMPL 574 (3) Government Control Of Business
- CMPL 575 (3) Discrimination and the Law
- CMPL 577 (3) Communications Law
- CMPL 580 (3) Environment and the Law
- LEEL 369 (3) Labour Law
- LEEL 570 (3) Employment Law
- LEEL 582 (3) Law and Poverty
- PRV 545 (3) Land Use Planning
- PRV 543 (3) Consumer Law
- PUB 240 (3) The Administrative Process
- PUB 241 (3) Judicial Review of Administrative Action
- PUB 250 (3) Law and Psychiatry
- PUB 251 (3) Immigration and Refugee Law

**Elective Courses**

47 credits.

Students must take 47 other elective courses offered within the Faculty or approved as credit equivalences in order to complete the 105-credit degree requirement.

**Minimum Writing Requirement**

All students are required to submit at least one research paper. This requirement may be satisfied by:

a) writing an essay in a course in which the essay constitutes no less than 75% of the final grade;

b) writing a term essay under independent supervision, for credit, within the Faculty of Law;

c) writing an article, note, or comment of equivalent substance that is published or accepted for publication in the McGill Law Journal and approved by the Faculty Adviser to that publication.

Papers written jointly do not satisfy this requirement.

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### 6.2 Bachelor of Civil Law (B.C.L.) and Juris Doctor (J.D.) Honours Law (120 credits)

The B.C.L. and J.D. with Honours program is open to students who have completed four terms of study at the Faculty of Law and who, during that time, have maintained a GPA of 3.0. Students must complete 15 credits of Honours Thesis courses in addition to the 105 credits required in the B.C.L. and J.D. program. Conditional upon submission and approval of an Honours Thesis, students will be granted a B.C.L. and J.D. with Honours.

**Required - Honours Thesis Courses (15 credits)**

- WRIT 450 (3) Honours Thesis 1
- WRIT 451 (6) Honours Thesis 2
- WRIT 452 (6) Honours Thesis 3

**Required Courses (46 credits)**

**First Year**

The following 32 credits of courses may be taken only in the first year:
Second Year
The following 13 credits of courses may be taken only in the second year:

- LAWG 210  (3)  Legal Ethics and Professionalism
- LAWG 220D1 (3)  Property
- LAWG 220D2 (3)  Property
- PROC 124  (4)  Judicial Institutions and Civil Procedure

Any Year
The following 1 credit course may be taken in any year after completing the first year:

- PRAC 200  (1)  Advocacy

Complementary Courses (12 credits)

Civil Law Immersion Courses
3 credits from the following list of civil law courses:

- BUS2 561  (3)  Insurance
- LAWG 506  (3)  Advanced Civil Law Property
- PROC 200  (3)  Advanced Civil Law Obligations
- PROC 549  (3)  Lease, Enterprise, Suretyship
- PRV2 270  (3)  Law of Persons
- PRV4 548  (3)  Administration Property of Another and Trusts

Common Law Immersion Courses
3 credits from the following list of common law courses:

- PRV3 200  (3)  Advanced Common Law Obligations
- PRV3 534  (3)  Remedies
- PRV4 451  (3)  Real Estate Transactions
- PRV4 500  (3)  Restitution
- PRV4 549  (3)  Equity and Trusts
## Social Diversity, Human Rights and Indigenous Law Courses

Students must take at least 3 credits from the following courses:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Credit</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CMPL 500</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Aboriginal Peoples and the Law</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CMPL 504</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Feminist Legal Theory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CMPL 511</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Social Diversity and Law</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CMPL 516</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>International Development Law</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CMPL 565</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>International Humanitarian Law</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CMPL 571</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>International Law of Human Rights</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CMPL 573</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Civil Liberties</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CMPL 575</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Discrimination and the Law</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IDFC 500</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Indigenous Field Studies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAWG 503</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Inter-American Human Rights</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAWG 505</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Critical Engagements with Human Rights</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAWG 507</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Critical Race Theory Advanced Seminar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LEEL 369</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Labour Law</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LEEL 582</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Law and Poverty</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PUB2 105</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Public International Law</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PUB2 500</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Law and Psychiatry</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PUB2 502</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>International Criminal Law</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PUB2 551</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Immigration and Refugee Law</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PUB3 515</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Principles of Canadian Administrative Law

3 credits from the following courses:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Credit</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BUS1 532</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Bankruptcy and Insolvency</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BUS2 504</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Securities Regulation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CMPL 543</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Law and Practice of International Trade</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CMPL 574</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Government Control Of Business</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CMPL 575</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Discrimination and the Law</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CMPL 577</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Communications Law</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CMPL 580</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Environment and the Law</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LEEL 369</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Labour Law</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LEEL 570</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Employment Law</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LEEL 582</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Law and Poverty</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PRV4 545</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Land Use Planning</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PRV5 483</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Consumer Law</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PUB2 400</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>The Administrative Process</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PUB2 401</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Judicial Review of Administrative Action</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PUB2 500</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Law and Psychiatry</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PUB2 551</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Immigration and Refugee Law</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Elective Courses
47 credits

Students must take 47 other elective courses offered within the Faculty or approved as credit equivalences in order to complete the 120-credit degree requirement.

**Minimum Writing Requirement**

All students are required to submit at least one research paper. This requirement may be satisfied by:

a) writing and essay in a course in which the essay constitutes no less than 75% of the final grade;

b) writing a term essay under independent supervision, for credit, within the Faculty of Law;

c) writing an article, note, or comment of equivalent substance that is published or accepted for publication in the McGill Law Journal and approved by the Faculty Adviser to that publication.

Papers written jointly do not satisfy this requirement.

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### 6.3 Bachelor of Law (B.C.L.) / Juris Doctor (J.D.) with Major Concentration Law with Major Concentration Commercial Negotiation and Dispute Resolution (123 credits)

The B.C.L. and J.D., with a major concentration is open to all students enrolled in the Faculty of Law.

The Major Concentration in Commercial Negotiation and Dispute Resolution is articulated around a synthetic skill set driven by the transversal theme "Commercial Negotiation and Dispute Resolution" and is inspired by an interdisciplinary approach.

Law and non-law courses are combined with the practical experience acquired during an internship. The required writing of an independent essay allows students to integrate the various academic and clinical strands of the major program, and, more broadly, of legal learning.

The Major concentration is a 36-credit program. Students are permitted to include within their 105 credits for the B.C.L. and J.D. 18 credits toward their Major concentration. The remaining 18 credits needed for the Major concentration are added on top of the 105 credits for the Law degrees for a total of 123 credits.

**Required Courses (6 credits)**

WRIT 300D1  (3)  Major Internship

WRIT 300D2  (3)  Major Internship

**Complementary Courses (30 credits)**

**Essay Course (3 credits)**

3 credits from:

WRIT 491  (3)  Term Essay 1

WRIT 492  (3)  Term Essay 2

WRIT 493  (3)  Term Essay 3

WRIT 494  (3)  Term Essay 4

WRIT 495  (3)  Term Essay 5

WRIT 496  (3)  Term Essay 6

The essay must be written on a subject related to Commercial Negotiation and Dispute Resolution. The essay is to be written in the fourth year of the program in order to allow the student to integrate the various academic and clinical strands of the program. The topic must be approved by the Associate Dean (Academic).

**Law and Non-Law Courses (27 credits)**

27 credits from the following lists of law and non-law courses of which at least 6 credits must be non-law courses.

**Law Courses**

15-21 credits of law courses selected from:

BUS1 532  (3)  Bankruptcy and Insolvency

BUS2 503  (3)  Business Organizations
Non-Law Courses

Students may take 6-12 credits of non-law courses. Students who take 6 non-law credits as part of their Major concentration may count an additional 6 non-law credits toward their B.C.L. and J.D. program. Students who take 9 non-law credits as part of their Major concentration may count an additional 3 credits toward their B.C.L. and J.D. Students who take 12 non-law credits as part of their Major concentration may not count additional non-law credits toward their B.C.L. and LL.B.

Other non-law courses related to Commercial Negotiation and Dispute Resolution not included in these lists may be taken with the approval of the Program Adviser.

Non-Law Courses - Economics

ECON 223 (3) Political Economy of Trade Policy
ECON 305 (3) Industrial Organization
ECON 310 (3) Introduction to Behavioural Economics
ECON 546 (3) Game Theory
### Non-Law Courses - Management

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Credits</th>
<th>Course Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BUSA 395</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Managing in Europe</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BUSA 481</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Managing in North America</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BUSA 493</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Global Economic Competitiveness</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>INDR 459</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Comparative Employment Relations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>INDR 492</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Globalization and Labour Policy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>INDR 496</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Collective Bargaining</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MGCR 211</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Introduction to Financial Accounting</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MGCR 293</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Managerial Economics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MGCR 382</td>
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<td>International Business</td>
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<tr>
<td>MGCR 423</td>
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<td>Strategic Management</td>
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<tr>
<td>MGCR 383</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>International Business Policy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MGPO 440</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Strategies for Sustainability</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MGPO 445</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Industry Analysis &amp; Competitive Strategy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MGPO 450</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Ethics in Management</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MGPO 460</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Managing Innovation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MGPO 468</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Managing Organizational Politics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MGPO 469</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Managing Globalization</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MGPO 470</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Strategy and Organization</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MGPO 567</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Business in Society</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ORGB 325</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Negotiations and Conflict Resolution</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ORGB 380</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Cross Cultural Management</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ORGB 420</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Managing Organizational Teams</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Non-Law Courses - Political Science

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Credits</th>
<th>Course Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>POLI 243</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>International Politics of Economic Relations</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 6.4 Bachelor of Law (B.C.L.) / Juris Doctor (J.D.) with Major Concentration Law with Major International Human Rights and Development (123 credits)

The B.C.L. and J.D. with a major concentration is open to all students enrolled in the Faculty of Law.

The Major Concentration in International Human Rights and Development is articulated around a synthetic skill-set driven by the transversal theme "International Human Rights and Development" and inspired by an interdisciplinary approach.

Law and non-law courses are combined with the practical experience acquired during an internship. The required writing of an independent essay allows students to integrate the various academic and clinical strands of the major program, and, more broadly, of legal learning.

The Major concentration is a 36-credit program. Students are permitted to include within their 105 credits for the B.C.L. and J.D. 18 credits toward their Major concentration. The remaining 18 credits needed for the Major concentration are added on top of the 105 credits for the Law degrees for a total of 123 credits.

#### Required Courses (6 credits)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Credits</th>
<th>Course Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>WRIT 300D1</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Major Internship</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRIT 300D2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Major Internship</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Complementary Courses (30 credits)
Essay Course (3 credits)

3 credits from:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Credits</th>
<th>Course Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>WRIT 491</td>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>Term Essay 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRIT 492</td>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>Term Essay 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRIT 493</td>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>Term Essay 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRIT 494</td>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>Term Essay 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRIT 495</td>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>Term Essay 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRIT 496</td>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>Term Essay 6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The essay must be written on a subject related to International Human Rights and Development. The essay is to be written in the fourth year of the program, in order to allow the student to integrate the various academic and clinical strands of the program. The topic must be approved by the Associate Dean (Academic).

Law and Non-Law Courses (27 credits)

27 credits from the following lists of law and non-law courses of which at least 6 credits must be from non-law courses.

Law Courses

15-21 credits of law courses selected from:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Credits</th>
<th>Course Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CMPL 508</td>
<td>(2)</td>
<td>Research Seminar 1</td>
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<tr>
<td>CMPL 509</td>
<td>(2)</td>
<td>Research Seminar 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CMPL 516</td>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>International Development Law</td>
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<tr>
<td>CMPL 521</td>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>Trade Regulation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CMPL 533</td>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>Resolution of International Disputes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CMPL 543</td>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>Law and Practice of International Trade</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CMPL 546</td>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>International Environmental Law and Politics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CMPL 565</td>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>International Humanitarian Law</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CMPL 571</td>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>International Law of Human Rights</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAWG 503</td>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>Inter-American Human Rights</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAWG 511</td>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>Specialized Topics in Law 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAWG 512</td>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>Specialized Topics in Law 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAWG 513</td>
<td>(2)</td>
<td>Specialized Topics in Law 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAWG 514</td>
<td>(2)</td>
<td>Specialized Topics in Law 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAWG 515</td>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>Specialized Topics in Law 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAWG 516</td>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>Specialized Topics in Law 6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAWG 517</td>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>Specialized Topics in Law 7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAWG 518</td>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>Specialized Topics in Law 8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAWG 521</td>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>Student-Initiated Seminar 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAWG 522</td>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>Student-Initiated Seminar 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PUB2 105</td>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>Public International Law</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PUB2 502</td>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>International Criminal Law</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PUB2 503</td>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>Comparative Federalism</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PUB2 551</td>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>Immigration and Refugee Law</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Non-Law Courses
Students may take 6-12 credits of non-law courses. Students who take 6 non-law credits as part of their Major concentration may count an additional 6 non-law credits toward their B.C.L. and J.D. program. Students who take 9 non-law credits as part of their Major concentration may count an additional 3 credits toward their B.C.L. and J.D. Students who take 12 non-law credits as part of their major concentration may not count additional non-law credits towards their B.C.L. and J.D.

Other non-law courses related to International Human Rights and Development not included in these lists may be taken with the approval of the Program Adviser.

### Non-Law Courses - Anthropology

ANTH 212 (3) Anthropology of Development
ANTH 342 (3) Gender, Inequality and the State
ANTH 418 (3) Environment and Development

### Non-Law Courses - Economics

ECON 223 (3) Political Economy of Trade Policy
ECON 313 (3) Economic Development 1
ECON 314 (3) Economic Development 2
ECON 316 (3) The Underground Economy
ECON 426 (3) Labour Economics

### Non-Law Courses - Geography

GEOG 200 (3) Geographical Perspectives: World Environmental Problems
GEOG 210 (3) Global Places and Peoples
GEOG 216 (3) Geography of the World Economy
GEOG 408 (3) Geography of Development
GEOG 410 (3) Geography of Underdevelopment: Current Problems

### Non-Law Courses - International Development

INTD 200 (3) Introduction to International Development

### Non-Law Courses - Management

MGPO 469 (3) Managing Globalization
MGPO 475 (3) Strategies for Developing Countries
ORGB 380 (3) Cross Cultural Management

### Non-Law Courses - Political Science

POLI 227 (3) Developing Areas/Introduction
POLI 243 (3) International Politics of Economic Relations
POLI 324 (3) Developing Areas/Africa
POLI 340 (3) Developing Areas/Middle East
POLI 345 (3) International Organizations
POLI 351 (3) The Causes of Major Wars
POLI 354 (3) Approaches to International Political Economy
POLI 362 (3) Political Theory and International Relations
POLI 474 (3) Inequality and Development
6.5 Bachelor of Civil Law (B.C.L.) and Juris Doctor (J.D.) with Minor Law (with Minor) (123 credits)

The B.C.L. and J.D. with Minor is open to all students enrolled in the Faculty of Law and allows them to graduate with a minor concentration offered by McGill's Faculty of Arts or a minor offered by McGill's Faculty of Science or a minor offered by McGill's Desautels Faculty of Management for Non-Management students.

Law students should consult the Faculty of Arts and Faculty of Science and the Desautels Faculty of Management sections of the Undergraduate Programs, Courses and University Regulations publication available at http://www.mcgill.ca/study/ to determine the requirements for individual minor concentrations and minors.

B.C.L. and LL.B with Minor

In addition to the 105 credits needed for the B.C.L. and J.D. program, students complete 18 further credits toward a minor program. Since Science minors are typically 24 credits and Management minors and Arts minor concentrations are typically 18 credits, Law students will be allowed to count 6 credits of a 24-credit Science minor toward their Law degree as non-Law credits.

6.6 Bachelor of Law (B.C.L.)/Juris Doctor (J.D.) & Master of Social Work (M.S.W.) (Joint B.C.L./J.D & M.S.W.) Law & Social Work (Non-Thesis) (132 credits)

A joint Master of Social Work (M.S.W.) with integrated Bachelor of Civil Law (B.C.L.) and Juris Doctor (J.D.) program is offered by the School of Social Work and the Faculty of Law.

Students complete 45 credits for the M.S.W. degree and 87 credits for the integrated B.C.L. and J.D. degrees for a total of 132 credits.

Required Courses - Social Work (30 credits)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Credits</th>
<th>Title</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SWRK 643</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Research Methods 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SWRK 650</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Field Work Practicum 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SWRK 651</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Field Work Practicum 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SWRK 653</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Research Methods 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SWRK 660</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>Field Work Practicum 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SWRK 691</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>Social Work / Law Independent Study Project</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Complementary Courses - Social Work (15 credits)

Students complete 15 credits of SWRK courses at the 500 or 600 level. Up to 6 graduate-level credits may be taken outside the School of Social Work with the approval of the Academic Adviser.

Required Courses - Law (46 credits)

First Year

The following 32 credits of courses may be taken only in the first year:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Credits</th>
<th>Title</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LAWG 100D1</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Contractual Obligations</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Second Year

The following 13 credits of courses may be taken only in the second year:

- **LAWG 210** (3) Legal Ethics and Professionalism
- **LAWG 220D1** (3) Property
- **LAWG 220D2** (3) Property
- **PROC 124** (4) Judicial Institutions and Civil Procedure

The following 1 credit course may be taken in any year after completing the first year:

- **PRAC 200** (1) Advocacy

Complementary Courses (12 credits)

Civil Law Immersion Courses

3 credits from the following list of civil law courses:

- **BUS2 561** (3) Insurance
- **LAWG 506** (3) Advanced Civil Law Property
- **PROC 200** (3) Advanced Civil Law Obligations
- **PROC 549** (3) Lease, Enterprise, Suretyship
- **PRV2 270** (3) Law of Persons
- **PRV4 548** (3) Administration Property of Another and Trusts

Common Law Immersion Courses

3 credits from the following list of common law courses:

- **PRV3 200** (3) Advanced Common Law Obligations
- **PRV3 534** (3) Remedies
- **PRV4 451** (3) Real Estate Transactions
- **PRV4 500** (3) Restitution
- **PRV4 549** (3) Equity and Trusts

Social Diversity, Human Rights and Indigenous Law Courses
3 credits from the following courses:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Credits</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CMPL 500</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Aboriginal Peoples and the Law</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CMPL 504</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Feminist Legal Theory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CMPL 511</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Social Diversity and Law</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CMPL 516</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>International Development Law</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CMPL 565</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>International Humanitarian Law</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CMPL 571</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>International Law of Human Rights</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CMPL 573</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Civil Liberties</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CMPL 575</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Discrimination and the Law</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IDFC 500</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Indigenous Field Studies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAWG 503</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Inter-American Human Rights</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAWG 505</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Critical Engagements with Human Rights</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAWG 507</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Critical Race Theory Advanced Seminar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LEEL 369</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Labour Law</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LEEL 582</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Law and Poverty</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PUB2 105</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Public International Law</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PUB2 500</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Law and Psychiatry</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PUB2 502</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>International Criminal Law</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PUB2 551</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Immigration and Refugee Law</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PUB3 515</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Principles of Canadian Administrative Law**

3 credits from the following courses:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Credits</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BUS1 532</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Bankruptcy and Insolvency</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BUS2 504</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Securities Regulation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CMPL 543</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Law and Practice of International Trade</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CMPL 574</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Government Control Of Business</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CMPL 575</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Discrimination and the Law</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CMPL 577</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Communications Law</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CMPL 580</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Environment and the Law</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LEEL 369</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Labour Law</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LEEL 570</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Employment Law</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LEEL 582</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Law and Poverty</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PRV4 545</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Land Use Planning</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PRV5 483</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Consumer Law</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PUB2 400</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>The Administrative Process</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PUB2 401</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Judicial Review of Administrative Action</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PUB2 500</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Law and Psychiatry</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PUB2 551</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Immigration and Refugee Law</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Elective Courses (29 credits)**

Students must take 29 other elective courses offered within the Faculty or approved as credit equivalencies in order to complete the 132-credit degree requirement.
Minimum Writing Requirement

All students are required to submit at least one research paper. This requirement may be satisfied by:

a) writing an essay in a course in which the essay constitutes no less than 75% of the final grade;

b) writing a term essay under independent supervision, for credit, within the Faculty of Law;

c) writing an article, note, or comment of equivalent substance that is published or accepted for publication in the McGill Law Journal and approved by the Faculty Adviser to that publication.

Papers written jointly do not satisfy this requirement.

7 Undergraduate Selection of Course Concentrations (Law Programs)

Several courses of instruction may be grouped because they treat a common subject matter or theme. The following unofficial groupings of courses regularly offered in the Faculty are intended to assist students desiring to specialize in selecting elective courses. They do not represent any academic policy decision by the Faculty as to the appropriate characterization of individual offerings. Moreover, some courses appear in more than one grouping. In all cases, reference should be made to the course description.

1. Basic Private Law

Contractual Obligations (LAWG 100D1 / LAWG 100D2)
Extra-Contractual Obligations/Torts (LAWG 101D1 / LAWG 101D2)

2. Advanced Private Law

Civil Law
Advanced Civil Law Obligations (PROC 200)
Advanced Civil Law Property (LAWG 506)
Insurance (BUS2 561)
Law of Persons (PRV2 270)
Lease, Enterprise, Suretyship (PROC 549)

Common Law
Advanced Common Law Obligations (PRV3 200)
Advanced Torts (PRV5 582)
Equity and Trusts (PRV4 549)
Real Estate Transactions (PRV4 451)
Remedies (PRV3 534)
Restitution (PRV4 500)

Transsystemic Private Law
Business Associations (BUS2 365)
Commercial Law (LAWG 200)
Consumer Law (PRV5 483)
Death and Property (LAWG 504)
Employment Law (LEEL 570)
Evidence (Civil Matters) (LAWG 415)
Family Law (LAWG 273)
Family Property Law (LAWG 300)
Medical Liability (Cmpl. 522)
Private International Law (LAWG 316)
Property (LAWG 220D1 / LAWG 220D2)
2. **Advanced Private Law**
   - Secured Transactions (LAWG 400)

3. **Legal Theory, Legal Traditions and Legal History**
   - Aboriginal Peoples and the Law (CMPL 500)
   - Advanced Jurisprudence (CMPL 505)
   - Canadian Legal History (CMPL 547)
   - Feminist Legal Theory (CMPL 504)
   - Foundations (PUB3 116D1 / PUB3 116D2)
   - Jurisprudence (CMPL 501)
   - Legal Theory (CMPL 506)
   - Linguistic and Literary Approaches to Law (CMPL 507)
   - Roman Law (CMPL 510)
   - Talmudic Law (CMPL 513)
   - Theories of Justice (CMPL 512)

4. **Human Rights and Cultural Diversity**
   - Aboriginal Peoples and the Law (CMPL 500)
   - Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms (PUB3 515)
   - Civil Liberties (CMPL 573)
   - Discrimination and the Law (CMPL 575)
   - Inter-American Human Rights (LAWG 503)
   - International Humanitarian Law (CMPL 565)
   - International Law of Human Rights (CMPL 571)
   - The McGill International Human Rights Internship (WRIT 020)
   - Social Diversity and Law (CMPL 511)

5. **Social Law**
   - Immigration and Refugee Law (PUB2 551)
   - Labour Law (LEEL 369)
   - Land Use Planning (PRV4 545)
   - Law and Poverty (LEEL 582)
   - Law and Psychiatry (PUB2 500)

6. **Law of the State**
   - The Administrative Process (PUB2 400)
   - Comparative Federalism (PUB2 503)
   - Constitutional Law (PUB2 101D1 / PUB2 101D2)
   - Constitutional Law of the United States (PUB2 102)
   - Judicial Review of Administrative Action (PUB2 401)
   - Municipal Law (PUB2 403)
   - Policies, Politics and Legislative Process (CMPL 518)
   - Statutory Interpretation (PUB2 505)

7. **Regulation, Technology and Society**
   - Communications Law (CMPL 577)
### 7. Regulation, Technology and Society

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Comparative Medical Law (CMPL 551)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Computers and the Law (CMPL 578)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Copyright and Trademark Theory (BUS2 500)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Entertainment Law (CMPL 524)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Environment and the Law (CMPL 580)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Government Control of Business (CMPL 574)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intellectual &amp; Industrial Property (BUS2 502)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medical Liability (CMPL 522)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Patent Theory and Policy (BUS2 501)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Science Technology and Law (CMPL 576)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 8. Corporate Law and Taxation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Banking Law (BUS2 531)</td>
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<td>Bankruptcy and Insolvency (BUS1 532)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Business Associations (BUS2 365)</td>
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<td>Business Organizations (BUS2 503)</td>
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<td>Corporate Finance (CUS2 505)</td>
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<td>Corporate Taxation (PUB2 517)</td>
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<td>Estate Planning (BUS1 414)</td>
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<td>International Taxation (CMPL 539)</td>
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<td>Securities Regulation (BUS2 504)</td>
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<td>Taxation (PUB2 313)</td>
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<td>Tax Policy (PUB2 515)</td>
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### 9. International Business Law

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>European Union Law 1 (CMPL 536)</td>
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<td>European Union Law 2 (CMPL 537)</td>
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<tr>
<td>International Carriage of Goods by Sea (CMPL 515)</td>
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<tr>
<td>International Development Law (CMPL 516)</td>
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<td>International Maritime Conventions (CMPL 553)</td>
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<td>Law and Practice of International Trade (CMPL 543)</td>
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<td>Resolution of International Disputes (CMPL 533)</td>
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<td>Trade Regulation (CMPL 521)</td>
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### 10. Public International Law

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<td>International Criminal Law (PUB2 502)</td>
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<td>International Environmental Law and Politics (CMPL 546)</td>
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<tr>
<td>International Humanitarian Law (CMPL 565)</td>
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<td>International Law of Human Rights (CMPL 571)</td>
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<td>The Law of International Organization (PUB2 506)</td>
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<td>The McGill International Human Rights Internship (WRIT 020)</td>
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<td>Public International Law (PUB2 105)</td>
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</table>
### 11. Criminal Law

- Advanced Criminal Law (PUB2 501)
- Criminal Law (PUB2 111)
- Criminal Justice (LAWG 102D1 / LAWG 102D2)
- Criminal Procedure (PUB2 422)
- Evidence (Criminal Matters) (LAWG 426)
- International Criminal Law (PUB2 502)
- International Law of Human Rights (CMPL 571)
- Sentencing in Canadian Law (PUB2 504)

### 12. Advocacy and the Legal Profession

- Advocacy (PRAC 200)
- Civil Litigation Workshop (PROC 459)
- Criminal Procedure (PUB2 422)
- Evidence (Civil Matters) (LAWG 415)
- Evidence (Criminal Matters) (LAWG 426)
- Extrajudicial Dispute Resolution (CMPL 568)
- Judicial Institutions and Civil Procedure (PROC 124)
- Legal Ethics and Professionalism (LAWG 210)
- Trial Advocacy (PUB2 420)