

Annual public plan premium

Whether or not you purchase medications, you have to pay a premium annually for each full month during which you were covered by the public plan. Revenu Québec collects the premium through your income tax return. The amount varies according to income and family makeup.

Please remember that if you do not have prescription drug insurance coverage, you will have to pay Revenu Québec an amount equivalent to the public plan premium for every full month during which you had no coverage at all. The Régie, together with Revenu Québec, checks compliance on a regular basis.

Moreover, if you are registered for the public plan while being eligible for a private plan, you will have to repay the Régie the amount it paid for any medications obtained during this period.



PRESCRIPTION DRUG INSURANCE

It's compulsory

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION

ramq.gouv.qc.ca

Ouébec: 418 646-4636 Montréal: 514 864-3411 Elsewhere in Québec: 1 800 561-9749

MAILING ADDRESS

Régie de l'assurance maladie du Québec Case postale 6600

Québec (Québec) G1K 7T3

OUR OFFICE HOURS

Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. Wednesday 10:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.

Outside our office hours, our office phone numbers connect you to an automated information system.



Direction des communications October 2019









THE **PUBLIC PRESCRIPTION**DRUG INSURANCE PLAN

What you need to know

Which plan must I join?

At all times, everyone who is permanently settled in Québec must have prescription drug insurance coverage. Two types of plans provide this basic coverage:

- private plans, offered by certain employers, unions, and professional associations and orders (or possibly through your spouse or parents)
- the public plan, offered by the Régie de l'assurance maladie du Québec

If you are eligible for a private plan, you must join it and provide coverage under it for your spouse and children (whether or not they live with you) if they are not already covered by another private plan.

To be eligible for the public plan, you must:

- reside in Québec within the meaning of the Health Insurance Act
- not be eligible for a private plan
- be registered with the Régie

To register with or deregister from the Public Prescription Drug Insurance Plan, use the online service available on our website or contact us.

You cannot choose between a private plan and the public plan (except from age 65 onwards), nor may you decide not to have drug insurance at all, not even for a short period.

What medications are covered by the public plan?

The public plan covers medications dispensed by prescription in Québec and included on the List of Medications, published on the Régie's website. Medications purchased outside Québec are not covered. For this reason, we recommend that you take out travel insurance when you travel outside Ouébec.

What must I pay when I purchase medications at a pharmacy?

When you purchase medications, you must tell the pharmacist that you are registered with the Public Prescription Drug Insurance Plan and present your valid Health Insurance Card and, if applicable, your claim slip (carnet de réclamation).

Each month, you have to contribute toward the cost of covered medications. The contribution includes:

- the deductible (set monthly amount paid when making your first purchases of the month)
- the co-insurance (percentage of the cost of covered medications)

Once you have reached your maximum monthly contribution, you are usually able to obtain other covered medications free of charge until the end of the month.

To find out the amount of the deductible, co-insurance percentage and maximum contribution, please refer to our website or the pamphlet entitled *The Public Prescription Drug Insurance Plan—What It Costs You*, available at pharmacies.

About spouses and children

Two persons are considered spouses if they:

- are married or have entered into a civil union
- have been living together for 12 months (any separation of under 90 days does not interrupt the 12-month period)
- are living together and have had or have adopted a child together.

A person is considered a child if he or she:

- is under age 18
- is between ages 18 and 25 inclusive, is a full-time student at the secondary, college or university level, does not have a spouse, and lives with his or her parents. When their child turns 18, the parents will have to ask the Régie or the insurer to extend the child's coverage.

