iGEOG 670 Wetlands Advanced fall 2017

Tentative Course Outline

Instructor: Prof. Gail Chmura, Room 628, Burnside Hall, 926-6854, gail.chmura@mcgill.ca office hours by appointment

Lectures: Wednesday 3:35-5:25 pm, BH 512 (NOTE ROOM CHANGE)

Labs: Tuesday 8:35-11:25 am

One week will be outside, then BH 5^{th} floor electronic classroom (511), except for 2 labs immediately following our field trip when we will be processing samples in BH 608. I hope to have lab instructions distributed in class prior to the scheduled lab activity.

Required Field trip:

We will take a three day field trip from Sept 22-24 to wetlands along the St. Lawrence River. You will need rubber boots (calf height) and rain gear that you are willing to get muddy.

Students pay for their own meals (with the exception of breakfast which is provided by the hostel) and accommodations (~\$28/night for 2 nights). The university fee of \$68 covers ground transportation (vehicle rental, fuel, and ferry tolls from Levis to Quebec City across the St. Lawrence) and the costs of the professor's accommodation. The trip's duration is 3 days.

This is a core element of the course and through the remainder of the semester students utilize data collected on this field trip in labs and assignments.

Lectures, labs and the field trip will be conducted simultaneously with the undergraduate version of Wetlands, GEOG 470.

Course Description

A review of the classification, ecosystem services, and biophysical aspects of wetlands: soils, hydrology, and adaptations of biota with an emphasis on ecological biogeography. Includes major ecological processes that occur in wetlands and the environmental factors that control the structure and function of wetland systems. Techniques for studying plant communities are emphasized and applied to 3 different types of wetlands through field and laboratory work.

Prerequisites: Permission of instructor. Students should have completed other courses in natural science at the 300 level or above. A course in ecology or plant science will be particularly helpful.

Course outcomes

This course covers many of the basics of biogeography using wetland ecosystems as examples.

- 1. Experience with field and mathematical techniques for describing plant communities.
- 2. Knowledge of ecological biogeography.
- 3. An appreciation of the biophysical structure of wetlands, the major ecological processes that occur in wetlands and the environmental factors that control the structure and function of wetland systems
- 4. A wetland vocabulary (understanding of terms for wetlands and their vegetation)
- 5. Ability to organize and present scientific data and prepare a paper in a manner suitable for journal publication.
- 6. Familiarity with statistical techniques useful for analyzing environmental data (similarity measures, regression, classification and ordination methods)
- 7. Knowledge of critical ecosystem functions and services of wetlands
- 8. Knowledge of anthropogenic impacts (climate change, nutrient enrichment, invasives) on wetlands

Evaluation:

Rather than test your ability to recall information and compose thoughtful prose in a sleep-deprived state, you will be evaluated on your knowledge of the course material through a series of assignments. These assignments will require you to apply material from lectures and readings as you assess data from the field trip and labs, or the primary literature. (Lecture topics are followed by A# to indicate the relevant assignment.) To obtain a "B" grade it should be clear from your writing that you have covered and understand the assigned material as well as the science it is based upon. If you make a statement that contradicts your readings you must recognize that apparent contradiction and explain your position. You also must follow instructions. For example, if you are asked to critique a model or hypothesis presented in a paper, you must be able to recognize these aspects and not simply consider a related detail. "A" grades will be awarded to those papers that demonstrate insight and creativity. To receive top grades you also must write clear, direct prose with good grammar. You will receive critiques of these aspects

of your writing using Word's track changes and expectations of good writing will increase over the semester.

The research you do for assignments is original and the whole class can benefit from what you have learned. Thus, each student will prepare a 3-minute oral presentation (limited to 3 PowerPoint slides) for Assignments 2 - 4. The presentation for Assignment 5 is longer. These will not be graded, but do provide a chance to get feedback on your assignment before it is submitted for grading.

| | not include Assignment 7 and in that course greater weigh | ght is | |
|----------------|---|--------|--|
| | ssignments. Undergraduates also receive 5% for course | | |
| participation. | | 1 | |
| Assignment# | Topic | Course | |
| | | weight | |
| Assignment 1 | Classification and values of wetlands visited on field | 10% | |
| | trip written product due date | | |
| | Assess the nature of wetland succession as reflected 1 | | |
| Assignment 2 | in the paleoecological record reported in the primary | | |
| | literature class presentations | | |
| | written product due date | | |
| | Critique Zedler's invasive model with recent examples | 5% | |
| Assignment 3 | from the primary literature | | |
| | class presentations | | |
| | written product due date | | |
| Assignment 4 | Critique flood-pulse concept with recent examples | 5% | |
| | from the primary literature | | |
| | class presentations | | |
| | written product due date | | |
| | Update of textbook chapter on a type of wetland | 20% | |
| Assignment 5 | written proposal due | | |
| | class presentations | | |
| | written product due date | | |
| | Diversity of wetlands & its controls (this is an original | 20% | |
| Assignment 6 | analysis and report of data collected in the field and | | |
| | laboratory - no oral presentation) | | |
| | 1 st draft | | |
| | Final version due | | |
| Assignment 7 | Meta-analysis or original review on topic to be chosen | 30% | |
| | in consultation with Prof. Chmura | | |

| Meeting to choose topic | |
|--|--|
| Preliminary literature list (annotate) | |
| Meeting to discuss analyses | |
| Initial text | |
| Revised text | |

Readings

Copies of the two texts will be on reserve at the Schulich Library and the fifth edition of Wetlands has been ordered at the McGill bookstore. (It also is available as an ebook for CDN \$124.99.)

Mitsch, W.J. and Gosselink, J.G. 2015. Wetlands, fifth edition. John Wiley & Sons, Inc. ISBN: 978-1-118-67682-0 You will use this text for Assignment 5

Additional publications are assigned (see attached) for many topics. Some will be downloadable from mycourses, some distributed in class and others can be obtained through the McGill Library.

Tentative lecture topics and readings see announcements in class for updates "Chapters" refers to Mitsch & Gosselink text, additional papers may be assigned

The quagmire of wetland plant forms, wetland types and classification (A1)

- Chapters 2 Wetland Definitions and 8 Wetland Classification
- Cowardin, LM, Carter, V, Golet, FC, & LaRoe, ET. 1979. Classification of Wetlands and Deepwater Habitats of the United States. FWS/OBS-79/31, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Washington, D.C. 103 pp. (pdf available on mycourses)
- Warner, BG & Rubec, CDA. 1997. The Canadian Wetland Classification System, second edition. National Wetlands Working Group, Wetlands Research Centre, University of Waterloo, Ontario. (pdf available on mycourses)

Ecological services of wetlands (including uses and management (A1)

- Chapter 1 Wetlands: Human History, Use and Science;
- Chapter 11 Values and Valuation of Wetlands
- Costanza, R. and others. 1997. The value of the world's ecosystem services and natural capital. Nature 387:253-260.
- Paul M. Mayer, P.M., S.K. Reynolds, Jr., M.D. McCutchen, and T.J. Canfield. 2007. Metaanalysis of nitrogen removal in riparian buffers. Journal of Environmental Quality 36:1172–1180.

Special adaptations of organisms to wetland conditions (field trip, A2, 5, 6)

Chapter 6 Biological Adaptations to the Wetland Environment

Wetland succession – myths, historical baggage and evidence from paleoecological studies (A2)

- Chapter 7 Wetland Ecosystem Development
- Excerpts from writings of Clements and Gleason download from mycourses
- Hughes, P.D.M, & Dumayne-Peaty, L. (2002). Testing theories of mire development using multiple successions at Crymlyn Bog, West Glamorgan, South Wales, UK. *Journal of Ecology* 90:456-471.
- Written "dialog" with Hughes download from mycourses
- Wetland terms and definitions download from mycourses

What is a propagule? Climate warming and problems of upstream migration! (A3, 6)

- See PowerPoint on mycourses.
- Green, AJ, Figuerola, J & Sanchez, MI. (2002). Implications of waterbird ecology for the dispersal of aquatic organisms. Acta Oecologia 23:177-189.
- Middleton, B. 2000. Hydrochory, seed banks, and regeneration dynamics along the landscape boundaries of a forested wetland. *Plant Ecology* 146:169-184.

Invasive species (A3)

- Zedler, JB & Kercher, S. 2004. Causes and Consequences of Invasive Plants in Wetlands: Opportunities, Opportunists, and Outcomes. Critical Reviews in Plant Sciences 23(5):431–452.
- Lavoie, C, Jean, M, Delisle, F & Letourneau, G. 2003. Exotic plant species of the St Lawrence River wetlands: a spatial and historical analysis. *Journal of Biogeography* 30:537–549.

Pulse-flood concept (A4)

 Junk, WJ & Wantzen, KM. 2006. Chapter 11 Flood pulsing and the development and maintenance of biodiversity in floodplains. Pp. 407-435 IN Baltzer, D.P. and Sharitz, R.R. (eds.) Ecology of freshwater and estuarine wetlands. University of California Press, Berkeley.

Hydrology - why do wetlands exist? - Tides, floods, and Sphagnum (A5)

Chapter 4 Wetland Hydrology

What makes flooded soils special? Wetland soil chemistry and redox potential (A5, 6)

Chapter 5 Wetland biogeochemistry

What controls diversity of wetlands? Environment, stress and competition (A6)

- Keddy, P.A. 2000. Chapter 3 Diversity. In: Keddy, P.A. (Ed.), Wetland Ecology (pp. 124-176).
 Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Virtanen, R, Muotka, T, & Saksa, M. (2001). Species richness-standing crop relationship in stream bryophyte communities: patterns across multiple scales. *Journal of Ecology* 89:14-20.

Global change, sea level rise, hurricanes and tidal wetland sustainability

- Chapter 7 Wetland Ecosystem Development and Chapter 10 Climate Change and Wetlands
- Torio D & Chmura, GL. in press. Assessing Coastal Squeeze of Tidal Wetlands. Journal of Coastal Research.
- Cahoon, DR, Hensel, P, Rybczyk, J, McKee, KL, Profitt, CE & Perez, BC. 2003. Mass tree mortality leads to mangrove peat collapse at Bay Islands, Honduras after Hurricane Mitch. *Journal of Ecology* 91:1093.
- McKee, KL, Cahoon, DR & Feller, IC. 2007. Caribbean mangroves adjust to rising sea level through biotic controls on change in soil elevation. Global Ecology and Biogeography 16:545-556.

Please note the following

- McGill University values academic integrity. Therefore, all students must understand the meaning and consequences of cheating, plagiarism and other academic offences under the Code of Student Conduct and Disciplinary Procedures (see www.mcgill.ca/students/srr/honest/ for more information). Much of the graded material in this course is prepared using data collected as a group. You may discuss the veracity of this data with class members, but all thoughts expressed in your written products must be your own or properly referenced see journal articles for examples.
- In accord with McGill University's Charter of Students' Rights, students in this course have the right to submit in English or in French any written work that is to be graded.
- For information on university and department policies for student assessment, please go to http://www.mcgill.ca/geography/studentassessment
- © Instructor generated course materials (e.g., handouts, notes, summaries, exam questions, etc.) are protected by law and may not be copied or distributed in any form or in any medium without explicit permission of the instructor. Note that infringements of copyright can be subject to follow up by the University under the Code of Student Conduct and Disciplinary Procedures.
- As the instructor of this course I endeavor to provide an inclusive learning environment. However, if you experience barriers to learning in this course, do not hesitate to discuss them with me and the <u>Office for Students with Disabilities</u>, 514-398-6009.
- End-of-course <u>evaluations</u> are one of the ways that McGill works towards maintaining and improving the quality of courses and the student's learning experience. You will be notified by e-mail when the evaluations are available on Mercury, the online course evaluation system. Please note that a minimum number of responses must be received for results to be available to students."
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- In the event of extraordinary circumstances beyond the University's control, the content and/or evaluation scheme in this course is subject to change."
- Additional policies governing academic issues which affect students can be found in the McGill Charter of Students' Rights" (The Handbook on Student Rights and Reponsibilities is available here).