# Implementation of Worker Nodes Data Interchange in JAMScript Alvin Tan | BA Software Engineering Prof. Muthucumaru Maheswaran | Dept. of Electrical Engineering

# Background

A distributed computing topology refers to information processing/collection at different levels, namely, edge, fog and cloud. The levels are a general proximity, respectively having a further distance from the end users. JAMScript is a programming language that is oriented specifically around edge computing. The JAMScript database system used for storing the data was long due for a close inspection and redesigning.



# Objectives

The following are the system requirements:

- 1. Resilient to random fault occurrences
- 2. Low memory usage and latency
- 3. High throughput and efficiency
- 4. Time series data compatible

#### System Design

To achieve fault tolerance, the following system was introduced:

- Each master data store in machine is backed up by a replica at another machine
- Sentinels monitors the local, left and right machines, replacing failed any master by its replica



A stream data structure replaced the former sorted sets data structure due to:

- Lower memory usage
- Low read and write time



A pipeline which aggregates information flow was implemented, which provides:

- Higher efficiency
- Lower network latency







## **Future Work**

- Implement a buffer system for
- synchronously retrieve sequential data
- without duplicates
- Explore other database system that enables direct interaction rather than through a
  - process
- Discover solutions regarding potential
- clock skew between machines
- Optimization to reduce memory usage for
- the edge device with limited memory

## Acknowledgements

This research is supported by NSERC, Ericsson (GAIA), and Mitacs. A big thanks to the following JAMScript members: Yuxiang Ma and Ross Vladimirov.