Supplemental coverage is not enough

Certain insurers offer supplemental coverage for prescription drugs. You should know that supplemental coverage provides additional protection only. It cannot replace the basic coverage you are required to have. Bear in mind that this basic coverage is offered under the Public Prescription Drug Insurance Plan and under private plans (group insurance or employee benefit plans) for which you are eligible through your employment or profession (employer, union, professional association or order) or through your spouse.

You may also obtain information by calling.

**In Québec**
418 646-4636

**In Montréal**
514 864-3411

**Elsewhere in Québec**
1 800 561-9749

**By TDD**
(telecommunication device for the deaf)
418 682-3939 (in Québec)
1 800 361-3939 (elsewhere in Québec)

**By mail**
Régie de l’assurance maladie du Québec
Case postale 6600
Québec (Québec) G1K 7T3

**Opening hours**
Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday: 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.
Wednesday: 10:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.
Outside our opening hours, our office numbers connect you to an automated information system.
In Québec, everyone must have basic prescription drug insurance coverage at all times.

Two types of plans offer this basic coverage:
- the public plan, administered by the Régie de l’assurance maladie du Québec;
- private plans (group insurance or employee benefit plans) for which you are eligible through your employment or profession (employer, union, professional association or order) or through your spouse.

Basic coverage

At the minimum, private plans must cover the prescription drugs appearing on the List of Medications found on the Régie’s website. This is what is referred to as basic coverage.

About spouses and children

Two persons (of the same sex or opposite sex) are considered spouses if they:
- are married or have entered into a civil union;
- have been living together for at least 12 months (any separation of under 90 days does not interrupt the 12-month period);
- are living together (regardless of the duration of the union) and have a child together (biological or adoptive).

A person is considered a child if he or she:
- is under age 18;
- is between ages 18 and 25 inclusive, is a full-time student in an educational institution recognized by the Ministère de l’Éducation, du Loisir et du Sport, does not have a spouse, and lives with his or her parents.

At 65

At 65, all Québec citizens are automatically registered for the Public Prescription Drug Insurance Plan, whether or not they have retired.

However, if you are eligible for a private plan offering basic coverage, you have a choice to make:
1. You can choose the private plan for which you are eligible.
2. You can choose to remain registered for the public plan.

Consult with your insurer or employer

Before making a decision, it is important that you consult with your employer or insurer to enquire about the coverage and costs of that private plan for which you are eligible.

Regarding the public plan, to find out the amounts of the premium, maximum contribution, deductible and co-insurance percentage, please refer to the Régie’s website or obtain from a pharmacy or CLSC the pamphlet entitled The Public Prescription Drug Insurance Plan—What It Costs You.

IT’S COMPULSORY

Steps to take when you turn 65 to have basic coverage

If you choose to be covered by the public plan and are currently registered for a private plan providing basic coverage:
- notify your private insurer that you are covered by the public plan (under the terms of certain contracts, that choice is irrevocable);
- notify your pharmacist that you have registered for the public plan and present your Health Insurance Card, which must be valid, to him/her.

If you choose basic prescription drug coverage under the private plan for which you are eligible:
- contact the Régie to cancel your registration for the public plan.